

iPro SERIES (v.3.4)

INDEX

1.	. IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATIONS	5
1.1	.1 PRODUCT DISPOSAL (WEEE)	6
2.	2. INTRODUCTION	7
3.	B. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	7
3.1		7
	3.1.1 Fields of application 3.1.2 Hardware architecture	
3.2		8
4.	I. VERSIONS OF THE PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLE	RS 9
4.1		10
	4.1.1 Description of the connections	
	4.1.2 Description of the inputs and outputs4.1.3 Technical specifications	
	4.1.3.1 Analogue inputs	
	4.1.3.2 Digital inputs	
	4.1.3.3 Analogue outputs	
	4.1.3.4 Standard Digital outputs	
	4.1.3.5 SSR Digital outputs version4.1.3.6 Wiring diagrams	
	4.1.3.7 Mechanical specifications	
	4.1.3.8 Electrical specifications	
	4.1.3.9 Plastic container	
	4.1.3.10 Product certifications	
4.2	.2 IPRO.GENIUS (IPG200D RANGE) 4.2.1 Description of the connections	18
	4.2.1 Description of the inputs and outputs	
	4.2.3 Technical specifications	
	4.2.3.1 Analogue inputs	
	4.2.3.2 Digital inputs	
	4.2.3.3 Analogue outputs4.2.3.4 Digital outputs	
	4.2.3.5 Wiring diagrams	
	4.2.3.6 Mechanical specifications	
	4.2.3.7 Electrical specifications	23
	4.2.3.8 Plastic container	
4.3	4.2.3.9 Product certifications .3 IPRO.GENIUS AND IPRO.CHILL (IPG300D – IPC300D RANGES)	
4.3	4.3.1 Description of the connections	24
	4.3.2 Description of the inputs and outputs	
	4.3.3 Technical specifications	
	4.3.3.1 Analogue inputs	
	4.3.3.2 Digital inputs	
	4.3.3.3 Analogue outputs4.3.3.4 Standard Digital outputs	
	4.3.3.5 Wiring diagrams	
	4.3.3.6 Mechanical specifications	
	4.3.3.7 Electrical specifications	
	4.3.3.8 Plastic container	
4.4	4.3.3.9 Product certifications	
4.4	4.4.1 Description of the connections	
	4.4.2 Description of the inputs and outputs	
	4.4.3 Technical specifications	
	4.4.3.1 Analogue inputs	
	4.4.3.2 Digital inputs 4.4.3.3 Analogue outputs	
	4.4.3.3 Analogue outputs 4.4.3.4 Digital outputs	
	4.4.3.5 Wiring diagrams	
	4.4.3.6 Mechanical specifications	
	4.4.3.7 Electrical specifications	
	4.4.3.8 Plastic container	
4.5	4.4.3.9 USB-ETHERNET Adapter (Dixell specification)	
4.0	4.5.1 Description of the connections	
	4.5.2 Description of the inputs and outputs	
	4.5.3 Technical specifications	
	4.5.3.1 Wiring diagrams	

	4.5.3		
	4.5.3		
	4.5.3		
4.6		(106D	39
	4.6.1	Description of the connections	
		Description of the inputs and outputs	
		Technical specifications	
	4.6.3	5 1	
	4.6.3 4.6.3	5 1	
	4.6.3	5 1	
	4.6.3	5 1	
	4.6.3	5 5	
	4.6.3		
	4.6.3		
	4.6.3		
4.7	IP>	(206D – IPX 306D	44
	4.7.1	Description of the connections	44
	4.7.2	Description of the inputs and outputs	
	4.7.3	Technical specifications	
	4.7.3		
	4.7.3		46
	4.7.3		
	4.7.3	5 1	
	4.7.3	5 5	
	4.7.3		
	4.7.3		
	4.7.3		
4.0	4.7.3	0	
4.8		(115D – IPX125D	49
	4.8.1 4.8.2	Description of the connections	
		Description of the inputs and outputs Technical specifications	
	4.8.3	•	
	4.8.3	5 1	
	4.8.3	5 I	
	4.8.3		
	4.8.3	5 1	
	4.8.3		
	4.8.3		
	4.8.3		
	4.8.3	9 Setting the address of the device	54
4.9	IP>	(215D – IPX225D	55
	4.9.1	Description of the connections	55
	4.9.2	Description of the inputs and outputs	56
	4.9.3	Technical specifications	58
	4.9.3	1 Analogue inputs	58
	4.9.3	2 Digital inputs	58
	4.9.3		58
	4.9.3	5 1	
	4.9.3		
	4.9.3		
	4.9.3		
	4.9.3 4.9.3		
4.10		3 Setting the address of the device	60 61
4.10	4.10.1	Description of the connections	-
	4.10.1	Description of the inputs and outputs	
	4.10.2	Technical specifications	
	4.10.3		
	4.10.	5 1	
	4.10.	5 1	
	4.10.	5 1	
	4.10.		
	4.10.		
	4.10.		
	4.10.		
	4.10.		
5.	IN	TERFACE	67
J.	IIN		01
5.1	VIS	OGRAPH	67
2	5.1.1	Specifications	
	5.1.2	Connections	
	-		
	5.1.3	Options menu	00

6. MEANING OF THE LEDS AND JUMPERS IN THE VARIOUS DEVICES 70

6.1 6.2	PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS EXPANSION MODULES	70 70
7.	INSTALLATION	71
7.1	GENERAL RULES	71
7.2	POWER SUPPLY	71
7.3	CONNECTION OF THE ANALOGUE INPUTS	71
	7.3.1 Temperature probes (NTC and PTC)	72
	7.3.2 Pressure transducers and current probes (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA)	72
	7.3.3 Pressure transducers and ratiometric pressure transducers (0 - 5V)	73
	7.3.4 Live probes (0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V)	73
	7.3.5 Probes and transducers with 24Vac/dc power supply	
7.4		75
	7.4.1 Potential-free digital inputs	
	7.4.2 Live digital inputs (24Vac/dc)	
7.5		77
	7.5.1 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA Analogue output for condensation control	
	7.5.2 PWM analogue output for condensation control.	
	7.5.3 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA Proportional analogue output for servomotors/actuators	
	7.5.4 Devices with 24Vac/dc power supply	
70	7.5.5 Analogue output for relays (coil power supply 12Vdc)	
7.6		80
7.7	CANBUS CONNECTION	81
7.8	RS485 SLAVE CONNECTIONS	82
7.9	RS485 MASTER CONNECTION	83

1. IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATIONS

- > The symbol alerts the user of non-insulated "dangerous voltage" within the product area that is sufficiently high to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.
- > The symbol alerts the user of important operating and maintenance (assistance) instructions found in the documentation attached to the device.
- Dixell Srl cannot accept any liability for damages caused by modems that are not supported. Dixell Srl reserves the right to modify this manual without prior notice. The documentation can be downloaded from www.dixell.com even prior to purchase.
- This manual forms part of the product and must always be kept near the device for easy and quick reference. The device cannot be used as a safety device. Verify the limits of application before using the device.
- Verify that the power supply voltage is correct before connecting the device. Do not expose it to water or humidity: use the controller only within the operating limits, avoiding sudden changes in temperature and high atmospheric humidity in order to prevent condensation from forming. Recommendation: disconnect all the electric connections before performing any maintenance. Insert the probe where it cannot be reached by the End User. The device must not be opened. Consider the maximum current that can be applied to each relay. Make sure that the wires for the probes, the loads and the electrical power supply are separated and sufficiently distant from each other, without crossing or intertwining with each other. In the case of applications in industrial environments, it may be useful to use the main filters (our mod. FT1) in parallel to the inductive loads.
- The customer shall bear full responsibility and risk for product configuration in order to achieve the results pertaining to installation and/or final equipment/system. Upon the customer's request and following a specific agreement, Dixell s.r.l. may be present during the start-up of the final machine/application, as a consultant, however, under no circumstances can the company be held responsible for the correct operation of the final equipment/system.
- Since Dixell products form \triangleright part of very high level of technology, а а qualification/configuration/programming/commissioning stage is required to use them as best as possible. Otherwise, these products may malfunction and Dixell cannot be held responsible. The product must not be used in any way that differs from that stipulated in the documentation.
- The device must always be inserted inside an electrical panel that can only be accessed by authorised personnel. For safety purposes, the keyboard must be the only part that can be reached.
- The device must never be hand-held while being used.
- > It is good practice to bear the following in mind for all Dixell products:
 - Prevent the electronic circuits from getting wet as contact made with water, humidity or any other type of liquid can damage them. Comply with the temperature and humidity limits specified in the manual in order to store the product correctly.
 - The device must not be installed in particularly hot environments as high temperatures can damage it (electronic circuits and/or plastic components forming part of the casing). Comply with the temperature and humidity limits specified in the manual in order to store the product correctly.
 - Under no circumstances is the device to be opened the user does not require the internal components. Please contact qualified service personnel for any assistance.

- Prevent the device from being dropped, knocked or shaken as either can cause irreparable damage.
- Do not clean the device with corrosive chemical products, solvents or aggressive detergents.
- The device must not be used in applications that differ from that specified in the following material.



Separate the power of the device from the rest of the electrical devices connected inside the electrical panel. The secondary of the transformer must never be connected to the earth.

Dixell SrI reserves the right to change the composition of its products, even without notice, ensuring the same and unchanged functionality."

1.1 PRODUCT DISPOSAL (WEEE)

With reference to Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 and to the relative national legislation, please note that:

- There lies the obligation not to dispose of electrical and electronic waste as municipal waste but to separate the waste.
- Public or private collection points must be used to dispose of the goods in accordance with local laws. Furthermore, at the end of the product's life, it is also possible to return this to the retailer when a new purchase is made.
- > This equipment may contain hazardous substances. Improper use or incorrect disposal can have adverse effects on human health and the environment.
- The symbol shown on the product or the package indicates that the product has been placed on the market after 13 August 2005 and must be disposed of as separated waste.
- Should the product be disposed of incorrectly, sanctions may be applied as stipulated in applicable local regulations regarding waste disposal.

2. INTRODUCTION

The iPRO is the range of programmable controllers manufactured by Dixell.

The range consists of programmable controllers, I/O expansions, drivers for electronic valves and graphical interfaces adapted to cover any type of application in the air-conditioning sector, cooling sector and any relative area. As the system is one of the most technologically advanced, it is flexible and can be customised for it to be adapted to the user's particular requirements.

3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

The Dixell programmable controllers are all powered at 24Vac/dc and use a high speed performance 32-bit ARM9 (200 MHz) microprocessor. The models differ in size (10 DIN or 4 DIN) and number of inputs and outputs (analogue and digital).

One of the features that distinguish the iPRO controllers is the wide range of connection options with external Dixell devices and, as well, third part devices. CANBus, RS485 Master and Slave, and an Ethernet and USB port provide maximum flexibility of integration with the outside world. MODBUS RTU protocol, one of the most popular in the world, is used for serial communication.

Up to 80 MB of flash memory are entirely available to the user, according to the model. All the inputs and outputs are fully configurable.

3.1 PROCESSING ENVIRONMENT

All Dixell programmable controllers use the following software as a processing environment:

- ISaGRAF® to process the iPRO application.
- > VISOPROG to process the LCD graphic interface application (VISOGRAPH)

ISaGRAF® software is used worldwide and allows those with no programming experience to build applications ranging from the simplest to the more sophisticated. The vast range of the most popular programming languages (Structured Text, Function Block Diagram, Ladder Diagram, Instruction List, Sequential Function Chart, Flow Chart, FBD IEC 61499) provides all programmers with access to the processing environment. Thanks also to the extensive libraries of blocks already developed by Dixell, the processing and debug times are reduced.

The SIMULATION (verification of the application without using the controller) and DEBUG options (verification of the actual application within the controller), allow the user to block and force the value of the variables to speed up the testing times.

3.1.1 Fields of application

The possibility of all-round configuration allows the Dixell iPRO programmable controller to be used for any type of application. The same applications can be downloaded in the various models available (obviously adapting the number of inputs and outputs).

The hardware has already been used for the following applications:

- Chillers and heat pumps
- Air treatment units
- Air-conditioners
- Roof-tops
- Cooling systems
- Energy saving management in systems
- Climatic chamber control
- Cold rooms and seasoner cabinets

3.1.2 Hardware architecture

The iPRO programmable controller is structured as follows:

- 32-bit microprocessor used to run the application
- Removable connectors (Molex) or bayonet connectors (Phoenix)
- The programme and parameters are stored in a permanent flash memory. No data is lost in case of power failure.
- Internal web server with the Dixell website as default with the option of downloading a customised website for reading and writing variables with synoptic creation (via HTML).
- Ethernet port.
- USB port.

- Connection to the dedicated remote LCD display.
- CANBus.
- RS485 Master.
- RS485 Slave.

The remote LCD display has the following features:

- 240x96 pixel LCD graphic display.
- 32-bit processor.
- Multilingual in ASCII or UNICODE version.
- 8 fully programmable keys.
- Panel or wall mounted.

The LED display (only for the 4 DIN versions) has the following features:

- Configurable digits and icons
- 6 fully programmable keys

3.2 RELEVANT DATA

Operating temperature:	-10 to +60°C (14 to 140°F)
Relative humidity:	20 to 85%

4. VERSIONS OF THE PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS

10 DIN versions:

• IPRO.GENIUS

- IPG115D (15 relays, no application, disconnectable connectors + molex connectors)
- IPG115D SSR (15 relays, no application, disconnectable connectors + molex connectors)
- o IPG215D (15 relays, no application, spring connectors + screw connectors)
- IPG315D (15 relays, no application, disconnectable connectors + screw connectors)

• IPRO.CHILL

- IPC115D (15 relays, with application chiller/heatpump, disconnectable connectors + molex connectors)
- IPC115D SSR (15 relays, with application chiller/heatpump, disconnectable connectors + molex connectors)

• EXPANSION

- o IPX115D (15 relay, disconnectable connectors + molex connectors)
- IPX125D (25 relay, disconnectable connectors + molex connectors)
- IPX215D (15 relay, spring connectors + screw connectors)
- IPX225D (25 relay, spring connectors + screw connectors)
- IPX315D (15 relay, disconnectable connectors + screw connectors)

4 DIN versions:

IPRO.GENIUS

- IPG108D (8 relays, no application, disconnectable connectors + screw connectors)
- IPG208D (8 relays, no application, spring connectors + screw connectors)
- IPG108E (8 relays, LED display, without application, diconnectable connectors + screw connectors)
- IPG208E (8 relays, LED display, without application, spring connectors + screw connectors)

• IPRO.CHILL

 IPC108E (8 relays, LED display, with application chiller/heatpump, diconnectable connectors + screw connectors)

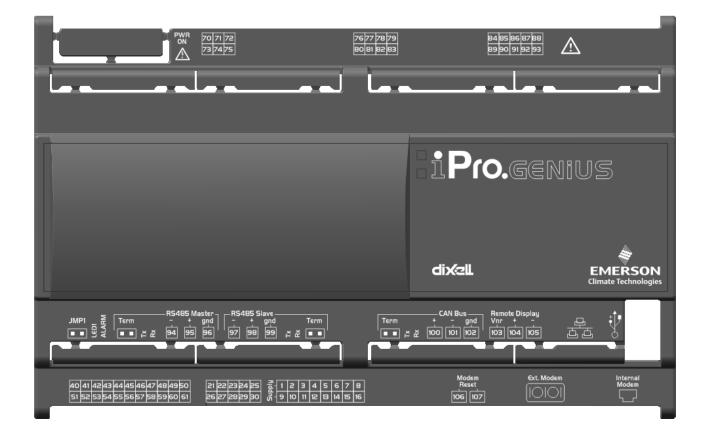
• IPRO.LINK

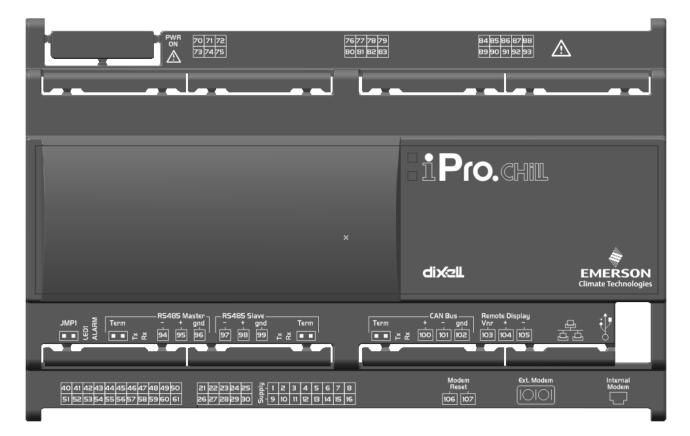
• IPL500D (connectivity module)

• EXPANSION

- IPX106D (6 relay, disconnectable connectors + molex connectors)
- IPX206D (6 relay, spring connectors + screw connectors)
- IPX306D (6 relay, disconnectable connectors + screw connectors)

4.1 IPRO.GENIUS AND IPRO.CHILL (IPG100D – IPC100D RANGES)





Connector	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 12 13 14 15 16	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb10, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Analogue outputs (Out1 - Out6, TF1 - T2) Additional power (+12Vdc, GND)
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	Potential free opto-insulated digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, DIC)
	USB port for downloads (BIOS, ISaGRAF® application, maps of parameters, remote display applications, network configuration, website) and uploads (log files)
一番五	TCP/IP Ethernet port
Remote Display Vnr + - 103 104 105	Connector for remote terminal (VISOGRAPH), maximum 2 terminals per iPRO.
	CANBUS connector for expansions (IPEX) and drivers for electronic valves (XEV20D) Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
R5485 Slave - + gnd Term 97 (98 (99) ≿ & ■ ■	RS485 Slave connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
R5485 Master _ + gnd ■ Ĕ Ž 94 95 96	RS485 Master connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
70 71 72 73 74 75	Digital relay outputs (115D, 110D, 415D, 410D versions) 3 NO relays + 1 changeover relay, 1 common
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	Digital relay outputs (115D, 110D, 415D, 410D versions) 6 NO relays, 2 common
84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93	Digital relay outputs (only for 115D and 415D versions) 3 NO relays + 2 changeover relays, 3 common (for 115D and 415D versions) 5 relays SSR (for 415D SSR version) *** different connection ***
PWR	Green LED to indicate the presence of power
JMP1	Jumper to activate the RESCUE MODE
LED1 ALARM	Yellow status LEDs (LED1) and red LED (ALARM) See relative paragraph
Modem Reset 106 107	Connector for NC contact to reset an external modem
	RS232 connector for an external GSM modem connection (SIEMENS TC35)
Internal Modem	Connector for the internal analogue modem

Input No.	Type of Input	Description
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
7	PbC	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, DI)
8	GND (-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)
10	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
11	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
12	Pb8	Configurable analogue input 8 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
13	Pb9	Configurable analogue input 9 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
14	Pb10	Configurable analogue input 10 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
15	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc
16	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc
21	Out1	Analogue output 1 0 - 10V
22	Out2	Analogue output 2 0 - 10V
23	Out3	Analogue output 3 0 - 10V
24	Out4	Analogue output 4 0 - 10V
25	GND(-)	Additional power reference 12Vdc and analogue outputs
26	Out5	Analogue output 5 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay (if TF1 is not used)
27	Out6	Analogue output 6 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay (if TF2 is not used)
28	TF1	Analogue output TF1 PWM (if Out5 is not used)
29	TF2	Analogue output TF2 PWM (if Out6 is not used)
30	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc
40	DI1	Opto-insulated digital input 1 (potential free contact)
41	DI2	Opto-insulated digital input 2 (potential free contact)
42	DI3	Opto-insulated digital input 3 (potential free contact)
43	DI4	Opto-insulated digital input 4 (potential free contact)
44	DI5	Opto-insulated digital input 5 (potential free contact)
45	DI6	Opto-insulated digital input 6 (potential free contact)
46	DI7	Opto-insulated digital input 7 (potential free contact)
47	DI8	Opto-insulated digital input 8 (potential free contact)
48	D19	Opto-insulated digital input 9 (potential free contact)
49	DI10	Opto-insulated digital input 10 (potential free contact)
50	DIC	Common opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20
51	DI11	Opto-insulated digital input 11 (potential free contact)
52	DI12	Opto-insulated digital input 12 (potential free contact)
53	DI13	Opto-insulated digital input 13 (potential free contact)
54	DI14	Opto-insulated digital input 14 (potential free contact)
55	DI15	Opto-insulated digital input 15 (potential free contact)
56	DI16	Opto-insulated digital input 16 (potential free contact)
57	DI17	Opto-insulated digital input 17 (potential free contact)
58	DI18	Opto-insulated digital input 18 (potential free contact)
59	DI19	Opto-insulated digital input 19 (potential free contact)

60	DI20	Opto-insulated digital input 20 (potential free contact)
61	DIC	Common digital inputs 1 to 20
70	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact
71	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact
72	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact
73	С	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4 (MAX 6A)
74	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact
75	RL3	Relay 3 normally closed contact
76	С	Common relays 5, 8 and 9 (MAX 6A)
77	RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact
78	RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact
79	RL7	Relay 7 normally open contact
80	RL8	Relay 8 normally open contact
81	RL9	Relay 9 normally open contact
82	RL10	Relay 10 normally open contact
83	С	Common relays 6, 7 and 10 (MAX 6A)
84	RL11	Relay 11 normally open contact
85	RL12	Relay 12 normally open contact
86	RL13	Relay 13 normally open contact
87	С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15 (MAX 6A)
88	С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15 (MAX 6A)
89	RL11	Relay 11 normally closed contact
90	С	Common relays 11 and 14 (MAX 6A)
91	RL14	Relay 14 normally open contact
92	RL14	Relay 14 normally closed contact
93	RL15	Relay 15 normally open contact
94	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (-)
95	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (+)
96	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (insulated gnd)
97	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (-)
98	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (+)
99	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (insulated gnd)
100	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open
101	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open
102	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (insulated gnd), not open
103	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (Vnr)
104	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (+)
105	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (-)
106	Modem Reset	NC relay input to reset an external modem (24Vac/dc)
107	Modem Reset	NC relay output to reset an external modem (24Vac/dc)

Version with SSR relay

84	RL11	Relay 11 normally open contact
85	RL11	Common relays 11
86	RL12	Relay 12 normally open contact
87	RL12	Common relays 12
88	RL13	Common relays 13
89	RL14	Relay 14 normally open contact
90	RL14	Common relays 14

91	RL15	Relay 15 normally open contact
92	RL15	Common relays 15
93	RL13	Relay 13 normally open contact

4.1.3 Technical specifications

4.1.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter
Number of inputs:	10
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)
	Digital input (potential free contact)
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 3.7KΩ)
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the
	given application)
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC: ±1°C
-	0-1V: ±20mV
	0-5V: ±100mV
	0-10V: ±200mV
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA
Additional power:	+12V: 200mA in total (between +12V and analogue outputs)
	+5v: 100mA
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied
×.	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another
Δ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in
A	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.1.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free contact
Number of inputs:	20
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	Do not use live contacts in order to prevent the inputs from being damaged.

4.1.3.3 Analogue outputs

Туре:	Non opto-insulated internal power
Number of outputs:	6
Type of analogue output:	4 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out4)
(configurable via software parameter)	2 configurable outputs (alternative):
	- 0-10Vdc, 4-20mA (Out5 and Out6)
	 PWM to be used with Dixell XV modules (TF1 and TF2)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out4)
	20mA (Out5 and Out6) max with configured outputs 0-10Vdc
	400Ω max with configured outputs 4-20mA
	22Ω per live analogue output
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out4: ±2% full scale
	Out5 – Out6: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be
٨	powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same
	secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from
	malfunctioning or being damaged.

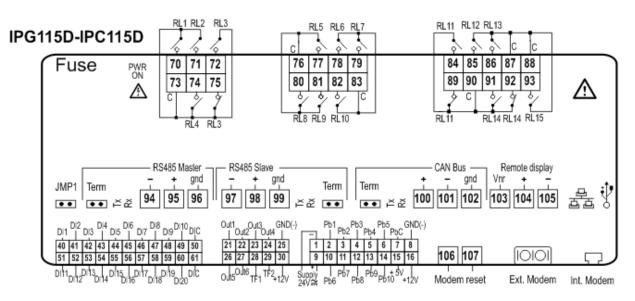
4.1.3.4 Standard Digital outputs

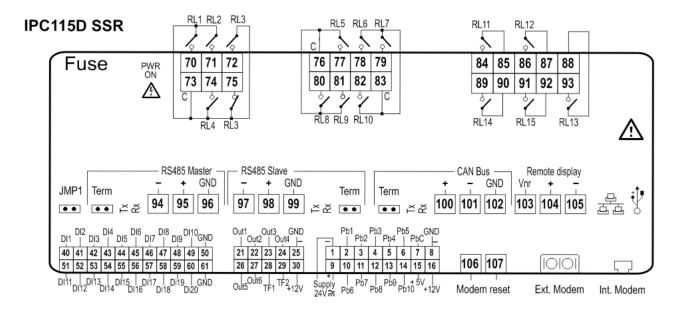
Туре:	Relays with NO or NC contacts, depending on the model
Number of outputs:	10 or 15, depending on the model
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact: - RL1, RL2, RL4, RL5, RL6, RL7, RL8, RL9, RL10, RL12, RL13, RL15 Relays with changeover contact: - RL3, RL11, RL14
Maximum load:	Relays with normally open contact: 5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A Relays with changeover contact: 8A(250Vac) SPDT 8(3)A
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.

4.1.3.5 SSR Digital outputs version

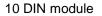
Туре:	Relays with NO or NC contacts, depending on the model
Number of outputs:	10 or 15, depending on the model
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact: - RL1, RL2, RL4, RL5, RL6, RL7, RL8, RL9, RL10, RL11, RL12, RL13, RL14, RL15 Relays with changeover contact: - RL3
Maximum load:	Relays with normally open contact: 5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A Relays with changeover contact: 8A(250Vac) SPDT 8(3)A SSR relays with normally open contact 1A(12 - 250Vac): - only in AC load - minimum current is 50mA (equivalent to 12W - 250Vac) - internal impedance 300KΩ (current 0.2mA at 250Vac with an open contact)
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.

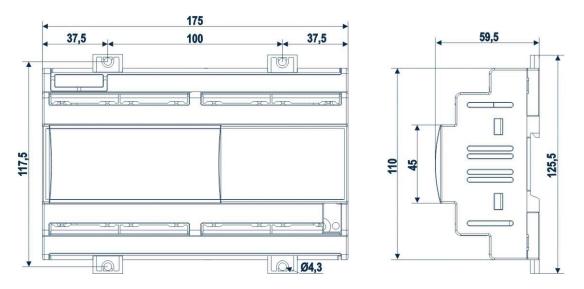
4.1.3.6 Wiring diagrams





4.1.3.7 Mechanical specifications





4.1.3.8 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz
	20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	20VA (Vac), 15W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Molex connectors with low voltage wiring
	SELECOM/CIVILUX connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)
Microprocessor:	AT91RM9200 32-bit 200Mhz
Permanent FLASH memory:	128MB, in 8-bit
RAM:	32MB or 64MB, in 16-bit
Internal clock:	standard

4.1.3.9 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880) Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black

4.1.3.10 Product certifications

Control to classify with the definitions 2.5.1 e 2.5.2 mentioned in the section 2.5 of the general requirements EN60730-1 (2.5.1 = integrated control, 2.5.2 = incorporated control).

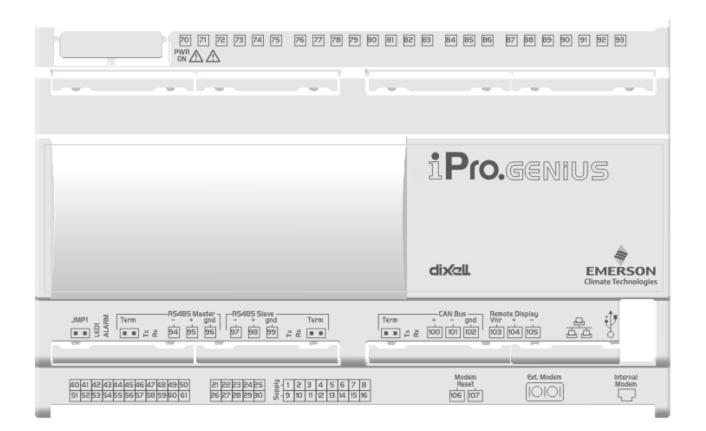
Electrical safety:

• EN60730-1

Electromagnetic compatibility:

• EN61000-4-2, EN61000-4-3, EN61000-4-4, EN61000-4-5, EN61000-4-6, EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11

4.2 IPRO.GENIUS (IPG200D RANGE)



4.2.1 Description of the connections

Connector	Description
A S	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb10, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Opto-insulated analogue outputs (Out1 - Out6, GND) 24Vac/dc power supply for the opto-insulated analogue output
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	Potential free opto-insulated digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, DIC) Opto-insulated 24Vac/dc digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, GND)
	USB port for downloads (BIOS, ISaGRAF® application, maps of parameters, remote display applications, network configuration, website) and uploads (log files)
	TCP/IP Ethernet port
Remote Display Vnr + - 103 104 105	Connector for remote terminal (VISOGRAPH), maximum 2 terminals per iPRO.
	CANBUS connector for expansions (IPEXx0D) and drivers for electronic valves (XEVx0D Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
R5485 Slave - + gnd Term 97 98 99 ⊭ & ■	RS485 Slave connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
R5485 Master Term - + gnd ■ ⊭ ጅ 94 95 96	RS485 Master connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
70 71 72 73	Digital relay outputs (for digital outputs with potential free contacts) 3 NO relays, 1 common

70 71 72 73 74 75	Digital relay outputs (for digital outputs with live contacts) 3 NO relays, 1 common and 2 potential free (Neutral)
76 77 78 79 80 81	Digital relay outputs (for digital outputs with potential free contacts) 5 NO relays, 1 common
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	Digital relay outputs (for digital outputs with live contacts) 5 NO relays, 1 common and 2 potential free (Neutral)
84 85 86	Digital relay outputs 2 NO relays, 1 common
87 88 89 90 91 92 93	Digital relay outputs (only for 215D versions) 5 NO relays, 1 common and 1 potential free (Neutral)
PWR	Green LED to indicate the presence of power
JMP1	Jumper to activate the RESCUE MODE
LED1 ALARM	Yellow status LEDs (LED1) and red LED (ALARM) See relative paragraph
Modem Reset 106 107	Connector for NC contact to reset an external modem
Ext. Modem	RS232 connector for an external GSM modem connection (SIEMENS TC35)
Internal Modem	Connector for an internal analogue modem

4.2.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
7	PbC	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, DI)
8	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)
10	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
11	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
12	Pb8	Configurable analogue input 8 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
13	Pb9	Configurable analogue input 9 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
14	Pb10	Configurable analogue input 10 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
15	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc
16	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc
21	Out1	Opto-insulated analogue output 1 0 - 10V
22	Out2	Opto-insulated analogue output 2 0 - 10V
23	Out3	Opto-insulated analogue output 3 0 - 10V
24	Out4	Opto-insulated analogue output 4 0 - 10V
25	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output

26	Out5	Analogue output 5 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay
27	Out6	Analogue output 6 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay
28	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(-)
29	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(+)
30	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output
40	DI1	Opto-insulated digital input 1
41	DI2	Opto-insulated digital input 2
42	DI3	Opto-insulated digital input 2
43	DI4	Opto-insulated digital input 4
44	DI5	Opto-insulated digital input 5
45	DI6	Opto-insulated digital input 6
46	DI7	Opto-insulated digital input 7
40	DI8	Opto-insulated digital input 8
48	D19	Opto-insulated digital input 9
40	DI3	Opto-insulated digital input 9 Opto-insulated digital input 10
	GND(-)	Reference "-" for opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if inputs 24Vac or 24Vdc)
50	DI11	
51 52	DI11 DI12	Opto-insulated digital input 11 Opto-insulated digital input 12
53	DI12 DI13	
		Opto-insulated digital input 13
54	DI14	Opto-insulated digital input 14
55	DI15	Opto-insulated digital input 15
56	DI16	Opto-insulated digital input 16
57	DI17	Opto-insulated digital input 17
58	DI18	Opto-insulated digital input 18
59	DI19	Opto-insulated digital input 19
60	DI20	Opto-insulated digital input 20
61	IDC	Common opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if potential free inputs)
70	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact
71	C	Common relays 1, 2 and 3 (MAX 6A)
72	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact
73	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact
74	C	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
75	С	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
76	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact
77	RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact
78	RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact
79	RL7	Relay 7 normally open contact
80	C	Common relays 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 (MAX 6A)
81	RL8	Relay 8 normally open contact
82	C	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
83	C	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
84	RL9	Relay 9 normally open contact
85	RL10	Relay 10 normally open contact
86	С	Common relays 9 and 10 (MAX 6A)
87	RL11	Relay 11 normally open contact
88	RL12	Relay 12 normally open contact
89	RL13	Relay 13 normally open contact
90	С	Common relays 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 (MAX 6A)
91	RL14	Relay 14 normally open contact
92	RL15	Relay 15 normally open contact

93	С	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
94	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (-)
95	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (+)
96	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (insulated gnd)
97	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (-)
98	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (+)
99	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (insulated gnd)
100	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open
101	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open
102	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (insulated gnd), not open
103	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (Vnr)
104	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (+)
105	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (-)
106	Modem Reset	NC relay input to reset an external modem (24Vac/dc)
107	Modem Reset	NC relay output to reset an external modem (24Vac/dc)

4.2.3 Technical specifications

4.2.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter
Number of inputs:	10
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)
	Digital input (potential free contact)
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 3.7KΩ)
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the
	given application)
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC: ±1°C
-	0-1V: ±20mV
	0-5V: ±100mV
	0-10V:±200mV
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA
Additional power:	+12V: 200mA in total
	+5v: 100mA
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied
3	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another
Δ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in
H	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.2.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free or live contact (24Vac/dc) External power 24Vac/dc ±20%
Number of inputs:	20
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	If the digital inputs are used with voltage, use another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.2.3.3 Analogue outputs

Туре:	Opto-insulated with separate 24Vac/dc power supply
Number of outputs:	6
Type of analogue output:	4 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out4)
(configurable via software parameter)	2 configurable outputs 0-10Vdc, 4-20mA (Out5 and Out6)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out4)
	20mA (Out5 and Out6) max with configured outputs 0-10Vdc
	400Ω max with configured outputs 4-20Ma
	22Ω per live analogue output

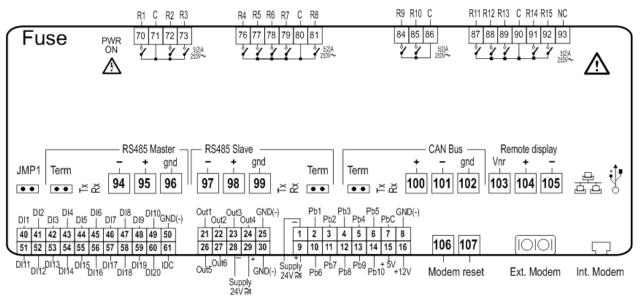
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out4: ±2% full scale Out5 – Out6: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.2.3.4 Digital outputs

Туре:	Relays with NO contacts
Number of outputs:	10 or 15, depending on the model
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact
Maximum load:	5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within
	each group.

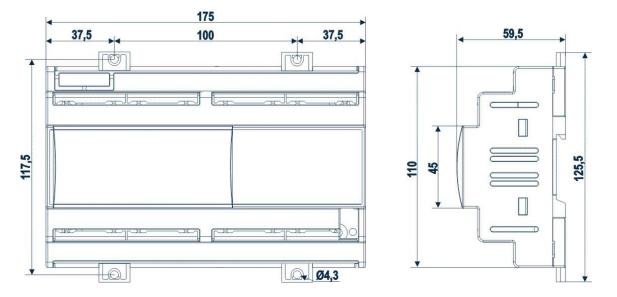
4.2.3.5 Wiring diagrams

IPG215D



4.2.3.6 Mechanical specifications

10 DIN module



4.2.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz
	20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	20VA (Vac), 15W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Phoenix quick coupling connectors for low voltage
	STELVIO 90° screw connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)
Microprocessor:	AT91RM9200 32-bit 200Mhz
Permanent FLASH memory:	128MB, in 8-bit
RAM:	32MB o 64MB, in 16-bit
Internal clock:	standard

4.2.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880)
	Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	White

4.2.3.9 Product certifications

Control to classify with the definitions 2.5.1 e 2.5.2 mentioned in the section 2.5 of the general requirements EN60730-1 (2.5.1 = integrated control, 2.5.2 = incorporated control).

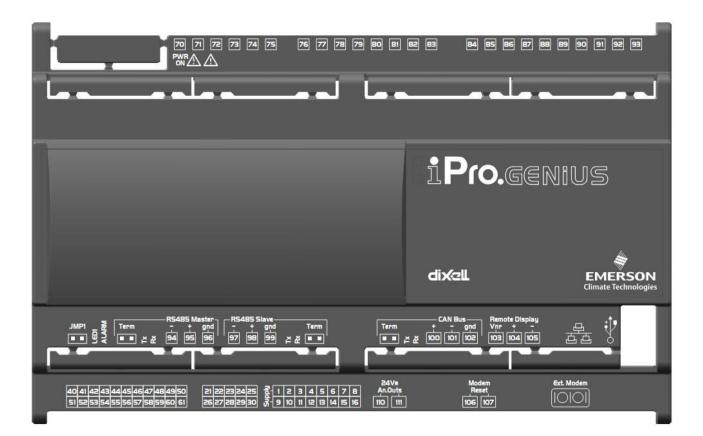
Electrical safety:

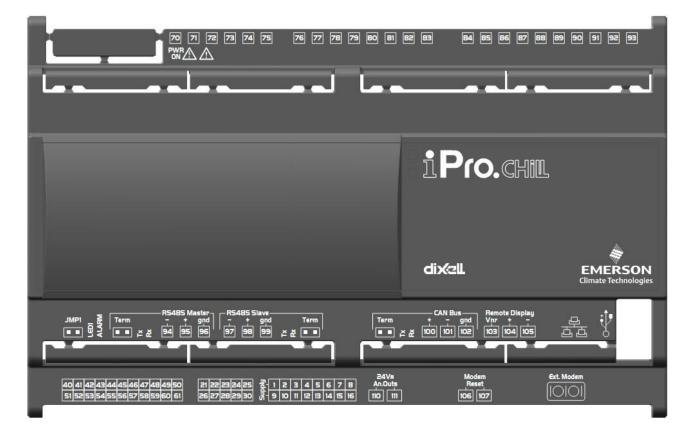
• EN60730-1

Electromagnetic compatibility:

• EN61000-4-2, EN61000-4-3, EN61000-4-4, EN61000-4-5, EN61000-4-6, EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11

4.3 IPRO.GENIUS AND IPRO.CHILL (IPG300D – IPC300D RANGES)





Connector	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 3 - 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb10, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Optoinsulated analogue outputs (Out1 - Out6) PWM (TF1 - T2) Additional power (+12Vdc for TF reference, GND for Out reference)
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	Potential free opto-insulated digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, DIC) Opto-insulated 24Vac/dc digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, GND)
	USB port for downloads (BIOS, ISaGRAF® application, maps of parameters, remote display applications, network configuration, website) and uploads (log files)
金五	TCP/IP Ethernet port
Remote Display Vnr + - 103 104 105	Connector for remote terminal (VISOGRAPH), maximum 2 terminals per iPRO.
	CANBUS connector for expansions (IPEXx0D) and drivers for electronic valves (XEVx0D Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
R5485 Slave - + gnd Term 97 98 99 ⊭ & ■	RS485 Slave connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
R5485 Master grd Term - -	RS485 Master connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
	Digital relay outputs 4 NO relays, 2 common
	Digital relay outputs 3 NO relays, 1 common + 3 NO relays, 1 common
	Digital relay outputs 3 NO relays, 2 common + 2 NO relays, 3 common
PWR	Green LED to indicate the presence of power
	Jumper to activate the RESCUE MODE
LED1 ALARM	Yellow status LEDs (LED1) and red LED (ALARM) See relative paragraph
24Vw An.Outs m) m	Optoinsulated analogue outputs 24Vac/dc power supply
Modem Reset 106 107	Connector for NC contact to reset an external modem
	RS232 connector for an external GSM modem connection (SIEMENS TC35)

4.3.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
7	PbC	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, DI)
8	GND (-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)
10	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
11	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
12	Pb8	Configurable analogue input 8 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
13	Pb9	Configurable analogue input 9 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
14	Pb10	Configurable analogue input 10 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
15	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc
16	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc
21	Out1	Analogue output 1 0 - 10V
22	Out2	Analogue output 2 0 - 10V
23	Out3	Analogue output 3 0 - 10V
24	Out4	Analogue output 4 0 - 10V
25	GND(-)	Additional power reference 12Vdc and analogue outputs
26	Out5	Analogue output 5 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay (if TF1 is not used)
27	Out6	Analogue output 6 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay (if TF2 is not used)
28	TF1	Analogue output TF1 PWM (if Out5 is not used)
29	TF2	Analogue output TF2 PWM (if Out6 is not used)
30	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc for TF outputs
40	DI1	Opto-insulated digital input 1
41	DI2	Opto-insulated digital input 2
42	DI3	Opto-insulated digital input 3
43	DI4	Opto-insulated digital input 4
44	DI5	Opto-insulated digital input 5
45	DI6	Opto-insulated digital input 6
46	DI7	Opto-insulated digital input 7
47	DI8	Opto-insulated digital input 8
48	DI9	Opto-insulated digital input 9
49	DI10	Opto-insulated digital input 10
50	GND(-)	Reference "-" for opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if inputs 24Vac or 24Vdc)
51	DI11	Opto-insulated digital input 11
52	DI12	Opto-insulated digital input 12
53	DI13	Opto-insulated digital input 13
54	DI14	Opto-insulated digital input 14
55	DI15	Opto-insulated digital input 15
56	DI16	Opto-insulated digital input 16
57	DI17	Opto-insulated digital input 17
58	DI18	Opto-insulated digital input 18

59	DI19	Opto-insulated digital input 19
60	DI20	Opto-insulated digital input 20
61	IDC	Common opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if potential free inputs)
70	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact
71	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact
72	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact
73	С	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4
74	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact
75	С	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4
76	С	Common relays 5, 8 and 9
77	RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact
78	RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact
79	RL7	Relay 7 normally open contact
80	RL8	Relay 8 normally open contact
81	RL9	Relay 9 normally open contact
82	RL10	Relay 10 normally open contact
83	С	Common relays 6, 7 and 10
84	RL11	Relay 11 normally open contact
85	RL12	Relay 12 normally open contact
86	RL13	Relay 13 normally open contact
87	С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15
88	С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15
89	С	Common relays 11 and 14
90	С	Common relays 11 and 14
91	RL14	Relay 14 normally open contact
92	С	Common relays 11 and 14
93	RL15	Relay 15 normally open contact
94	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (-)
95	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (+)
96	RS485 Master	RS485 Master connection (insulated gnd)
97	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (-)
98	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (+)
99	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (insulated gnd)
100	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open
101	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open
102	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (insulated gnd), not open
103	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (Vnr)
104	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (+)
105	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (-)
106	Modem Reset	NC relay input to reset an external modem (24Vac/dc)
107	Modem Reset	NC relay output to reset an external modem (24Vac/dc)
110	Supply	Power supply for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(+)
111	Supply	Power supply for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(-)

4.3.3 Technical specifications

4.3.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter
Number of inputs:	10
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)
	Digital input (potential free contact)
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 3.7KΩ)
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the
	given application)
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC: ±1°C
	0-1V: ±20mV
	0-5V: ±100mV
	0-10V: ±200mV
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA
Additional power:	+12V: 200mA in total (between +12V and analogue outputs)
	+5v: 100mA
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied
x.	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another
Λ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in
	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.3.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free or live contact (24Vac/dc) External power 24Vac/dc ±20%
Number of inputs:	20
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	If the digital inputs are used with voltage, use another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.3.3.3 Analogue outputs

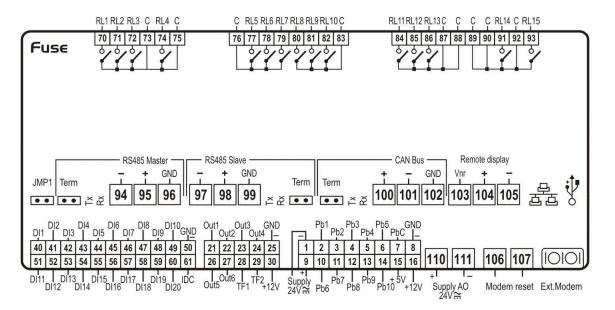
Туре:	Opto-insulated with separate 24Vac/dc power supply
Number of outputs:	6
Type of analogue output: (configurable via software parameter)	4 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out4) 2 configurable outputs 0-10Vdc, 4-20mA (Out5 and Out6) 2 PWM to be used with Dixell XV modules (TF1 and TF2)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out4) 20mA (Out5 and Out6) max with configured outputs 0-10Vdc 400Ω max with configured outputs 4-20Ma 22Ω per live analogue output
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out4: ±2% full scale Out5 – Out6: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.3.3.4 Standard Digital outputs

Туре:	Relays with NO contacts
Number of outputs:	15
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact: - RL1, RL2, RL3, RL4, RL5, RL6, RL7, RL8, RL9, RL10, RL11, RL12, RL13, RL14, RL15 Optional SSR relays may be mounted at the positions: - RL11, RL12, RL13, RL14, RL15
Maximum load:	Relays with normally open contact: 5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.

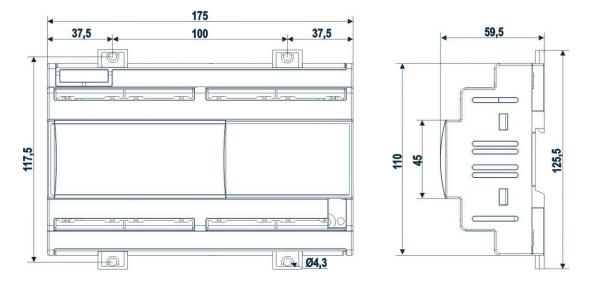
4.3.3.5 Wiring diagrams

IPG315D - IPC315D



4.3.3.6 Mechanical specifications

10 DIN module



4.3.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz
	20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	20VA (Vac), 15W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Molex connectors with low voltage wiring
	SELECOM/CIVILUX connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)
Microprocessor:	AT91RM9200 32-bit 200Mhz
Permanent FLASH memory:	128MB, in 8-bit
RAM:	32MB or 64MB, in 16-bit
Internal clock:	standard

4.3.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880) Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black

4.3.3.9 Product certifications

Control to classify with the definitions 2.5.1 e 2.5.2 mentioned in the section 2.5 of the general requirements EN60730-1 (2.5.1 = integrated control, 2.5.2 = incorporated control).

Electrical safety:

• EN60730-1

Electromagnetic compatibility:

• EN61000-4-2, EN61000-4-3, EN61000-4-4, EN61000-4-5, EN61000-4-6, EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11

4.4 IPRO 4 DIN (IPG100D – IPG200D – IPC100E RANGES)



	A6 A7 A8 A9 50 51
iPro.ge	INIUS
dixal	EMERSON Climate Technologies
Remote Display_R5485_Port Vnr 60/61/62/63/64/65/66_9	*



4.4.1 Description of the connections

Connector	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 1 12 13 14 15 16	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb6, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND) Analogue outputs (Out1 - Out4, GND)
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	24Vac/dc digital inputs (DI1 - DI11, GND)
Bemote Display Vnr + + R5485 Port coloritez es e4 e5 e6	Connector for remote terminal (VISOGRAPH), maximum 1 terminal per iPRO. RS485 Slave connector Serial port connector (LAN or RS485)
	USB port for downloads (BIOS, ISaGRAF® application, maps of parameters, remote display applications, network configuration, website) and uploads (log files) Connection with the computer via a USB-ETH converter
40 41 42 43 44 45	Digital relay outputs 4 NO relays, 2 common
46 47 48 49 50 51	Digital relay outputs 4 NO relays, 2 common

4.4.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
5	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc
6	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc
7	Out1	Analogue output 1 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay
8	Out2	Analogue output 2 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)
10	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
11	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
12	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)
13	PbC	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, DI)
14	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc, analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V), analogue outputs
15	Out3	Analogue output 3 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay
16	Out4	Analogue output 4 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Relay
20	DI1	Digital input 1 24Vac/dc
21	DI2	Digital input 2 24Vac/dc
22	DI3	Digital input 3 24Vac/dc
23	DI4	Digital input 4 24Vac/dc
24	DI5	Digital input 5 24Vac/dc
25	DI6	Digital input 6 24Vac/dc
26	DI7	Digital input 7 24Vac/dc
27	DI8	Digital input 8 24Vac/dc
28	DI9	Digital input 9 24Vac/dc
29	DI10	Digital input 10 24Vac/dc

30	DI11	Digital input 11 24Vac/dc
31	GND(-)	Reference "-" for digital inputs from1 to 11 (if version with dry contacts, this input has to be used only as common for the digital inputs)
40	С	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4 (MAX 10A)
41	С	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4 (MAX 10A)
42	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact
43	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact
44	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact
45	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact
46	RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact
47	С	Common relays 5, 6, 7 and 8 (MAX 10A)
48	С	Common relays 5, 6, 7 and 8 (MAX 10A)
49	RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact
50	RL7	Relay 7 normally open contact
51	RL8	Relay 8 normally open contact
60	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (Vnr)
61	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (+)
62	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (-)
63	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (-)
64	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (+)
65	LAN	LAN Connection (-)
66	LAN	LAN Connection (+)

4.4.3 Technical specifications

4.4.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter
Number of inputs:	6
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)
	Digital input (potential free contact)
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 3.7KΩ)
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the
	given application)
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC: ±1°C
	0-1V: ±20mV
	0-5V: ±100mV
	0-10V:±200mV
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA
Additional power:	+12V: 200mA in total (between +12V and analogue outputs)
	+5v: 100mA
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied
	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another
Λ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in
	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.4.3.2 Digital inputs

Туре:	Opto-insulated live contact (24Vac/dc)
(configurable via software parameter)	External power 24Vac/dc ±20%
Number of inputs:	11
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	Use another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

Note: the digital inputs as dry contacts are available on request.

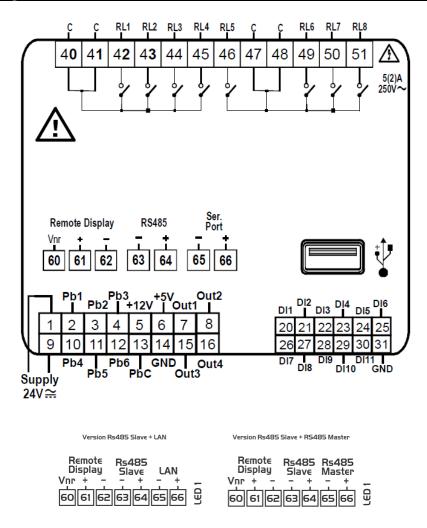
4.4.3.3 Analogue outputs

Туре:	Non opto-insulated internal power
Number of outputs:	4
Type of analogue output: (configurable via software parameter)	4 configurable outputs 0-10Vdc 4-20mA (Out1 - Out4)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out4) max with configured outputs 0-10Vdc 400Ω max with configured outputs 4-20mA 22Ω per live analogue output
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out4: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.4.3.4 Digital outputs

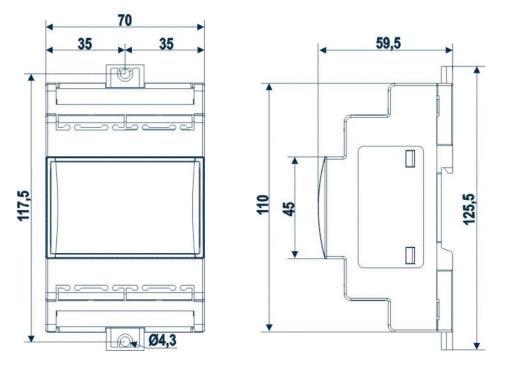
Туре:	Relays with NO contacts
Number of outputs:	8
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact
Maximum load:	5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.

4.4.3.5 Wiring diagrams



4.4.3.6 Mechanical specifications

4 DIN module



4.4.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz
	20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	from 30VA (Vac), from 25W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Molex connectors with low voltage wiring (for IPG100D)
	Phoenix quick coupling connectors for low voltage (for IPG200D)
	STELVIO 90° screw connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)
Microprocessor:	AT91SAM9260 32-bit 200Mhz
Permanent FLASH memory:	32MB, in 8-bit
RAM:	32MB, in 16
Internal clock:	standard

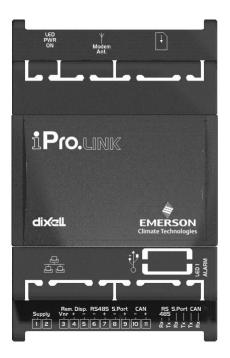
4.4.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880) Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black or White, depending on the model

4.4.3.9 USB-ETHERNET Adapter (Dixell specification)

The 4 DIN range of programmable controllers can be connected to a computer via an external adapter. This adapter must be used in the processing environment for the application download in the ipro. This adapter is not set up for fixed or continuous connection. If the adapter should be kept connected continuously, the room temperature must not exceed 50°C.





4.5.1 Description of the connections

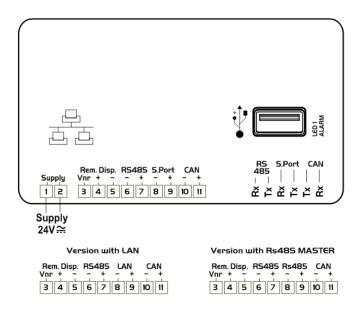
Connector	Description
Supply 12	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply
Rem. Disp. RS485 S.Port CAN R5 S.Port CAN Vnr + + - + 485 1 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Connector for remote terminal (VISOGRAPH), maximum 1 terminal per iPRO. RS485 Slave connector Serial port connector (LAN or RS485) CANBUS connector (for expansion and driver for electroni expansion valve) Communication leds
	USB port for downloads (BIOS, ISaGRAF® application, maps of parameters, remote display applications, network configuration, website) and uploads (log files)
是五	Ethernet port for TCP/IP connections
	SIM CARD slot (only for version with GPRS modem)
¥ Modem Ant.	Connection for GPRS modem antenna

4.5.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)
2	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)
3	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (Vnr)
4	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (+)
5	Remote Display	Connection for VISOGRAPH remote terminal (-)
6	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (-)
7	RS485 Slave	RS485 Slave connection (+)
8	Serial Port	LAN or RS485 MASTER Connection (-) – depend on the model
9	Serial Port	LAN or RS485 MASTER Connection (+) – depend on the model
10	CAN	CANBUS connection (-)
11	CAN	CANBUS connection (+)

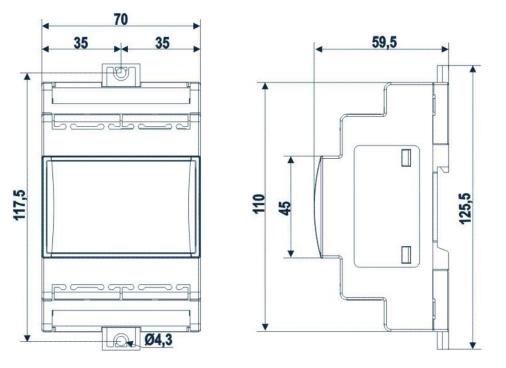
4.5.3 Technical specifications

4.5.3.1 Wiring diagrams



4.5.3.2 Mechanical specifications

4 DIN module



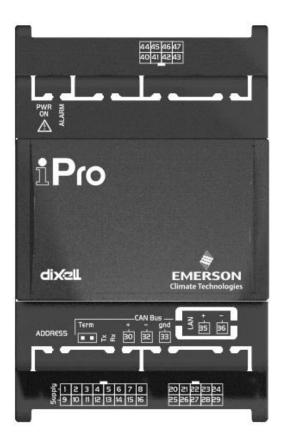
4.5.3.3 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz
	20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	from 20VA (Vac), from 15W (Vdc)
Connectors:	STELVIO 90° screw connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)
Microprocessor:	AT91SAM9260 32-bit 200Mhz
Permanent FLASH memory:	128MB, in 8
RAM:	32MB, in 16
Internal clock:	standard

4.5.3.4 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880)
	Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black or White, depending on the model

4.6 IPX106D



4.6.1 Description of the connections

Connector	Description
nadrug - 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 nadrug - 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb5, PbC) Potential free digital inputs (DI1 - DI3, DIC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Analogue outputs (Out1Out3, GND) Analogue inputs (Pb6 - Pb7, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
44 45 46 47 40 41 42 43	Digital relay outputs 6 NO relays, 2 common
CAN Bus Term + - gnd ■ ■ ∠ & 30 32 33	CANBUS Connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
e se	LAN serial port connector
ADDRESS	Dip-switch to set the address of the device.
PWR ON	Green LED to indicate the presence of power
ALARM	Red status LED (ALARM) See relative paragraph

4.6.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
1	Supply					
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)				
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)				
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)				
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)				
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)				
7	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc				
8	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc				
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
10	DI1	Digital input 1 (potential free contact)				
11	DI2	Digital input 2 (potential free contact)				
12	DI3	Digital input 3 (potential free contact)				
13	DIC	Common digital inputs 1 to 3				
14	Pbc	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, PT1000, DI)				
15	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)				
16	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc				
20	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc, 12Vdc and analogue outputs				
21	Out1	Analogue output 1 0 - 10V				
22	Out2	Analogue output 2 0 - 10V				
23	Out3	Analogue output 3 0 - 10V				
24	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)				
25	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc, 12Vdc and analogue outputs				
26	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc				
27	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc				
28	Pbc	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, PT1000, DI)				
29	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)				
30	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open				
32	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open				
33	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (gnd), not open				
35	LAN	LAN connection (+)				
36	LAN	LAN connection (-)				
40	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact				
41	RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact				
42	RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact				
43	С	Common relays 5, 6 and 3 (MAX 6A)				
44	С	Common relays 1, 2 and 4 (MAX 6A)				
45	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact				
46	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact				
47	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact				

4.6.3 Technical specifications

4.6.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter				
Number of inputs:	7				
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)				
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)				
	PT1000 Dixell (-100T150°C; 1KΩ at 0°C)				
	Digital input (potential free contact)				
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 3.7KΩ)				
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)				
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the				
	given application)				
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC, PT1000: ±1°C				
	0-1V: ±20mV				
	0-5V: ±100mV				
	0-10V:±200mV				
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA				
Additional power:	+12V: 40mA max per terminal				
	+5v: 100mA				
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied				
1	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another				
Δ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in				
	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.				

4.6.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free contact
Number of inputs:	3
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	Do not use live contacts in order to prevent the inputs from being damaged.

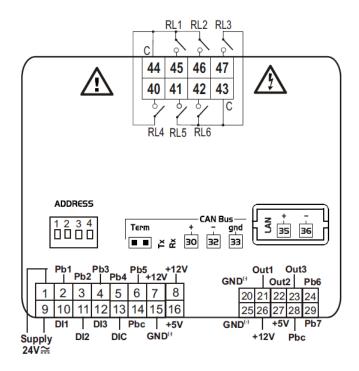
4.6.3.3 Analogue outputs

Туре:	Non opto-insulated internal power
Number of outputs:	3
Type of analogue output: (configurable via software parameter)	3 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out3)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out3)
	22Ω per live analogue output
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out3: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.6.3.4 Digital outputs

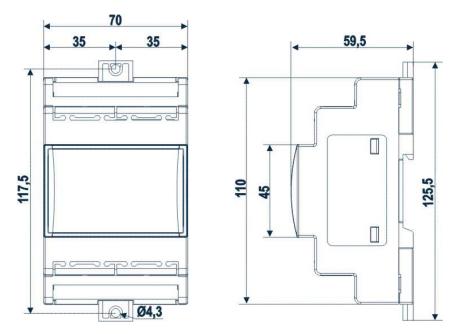
Туре:	Relays with NO contacts
Number of outputs:	6
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact:
Maximum load:	5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. The common relays of the outputs are separate and split into groups.

4.6.3.5 Wiring diagrams



4.6.3.6 Mechanical specifications

4 DIN module



4.6.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz 20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	10VA (Vac), 10W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Molex connectors with low voltage wiring SELECOM/CIVILUX connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max) or with a different order code: Phoenix quick coupling connectors for low voltage STELVIO 90° screw connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)

4.6.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880)
	Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black

4.6.3.9 Setting the address of the device

The address of the device is set via a dip-switch and numbering is binary as shown in the table below:



		1	2	3	4		
Adr.	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	K 🔤	N
Adr.	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF] ` '	
Adr.	2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF		
۹dr.	3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF		
۹dr.	5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
۹dr.	6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF		
۹dr.	7	ON	ON	ON	OFF		
Adr.	8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON		
Adr.	11	ON	ON	OFF	ON]	
Adr.	12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON]	
Adr.	13	ON	OFF	ON	ON]	
Adr.	14	OFF	ON	ON	ON]	
Adr.	15	ON	ON	ON	ON	1	

If the address is changed while the device is switched on, to confirm the new address remember to switch off and switch on again the device.

4.7 IPX206D – IPX306D



4.7.1 Description of the connections

Connector	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 3 - 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb5, PbC) Potential free digital inputs (DI1 - DI3, DIC) or Power supply digital inputs (DI1 – DI3, ID) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Analogue outputs (Out1Out3, GND) Analogue inputs (Pb6 - Pb7, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71	Digital relay outputs (depend on the part number of the device): 5 NO relays + 1 changeover relay or 4 NO relays + 1 changeover relay + 1 SSR relay
CAN Bus Term + - gnd ■ ■ ⊭ & io iz is	CANBUS Connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
	LAN serial port connector
ADDRESS	Dip-switch to set the address of the device (for CANBUS and LAN communication).
PWR ON	Green LED to indicate the presence of the power supply
ALARM	Red status LED (ALARM) See relative paragraph

Input	Type of Input	Description
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)
7	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc
8	ID	Common for digital inputs from 1 to 3 when power supply (24Vac/dc)
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)
10	DI1	Digital input 1 (potential free contact (13) or power supply (8))
11	DI2	Digital input 2 (potential free contact (13) or power supply (8))
12	DI3	Digital input 3 (potential free contact (13) or power supply (8))
13	DIC	Common for digital inputs from 1 to 3 when potential free
14	Pbc	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, PT1000, DI)
15	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)
16	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc
20	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc, 12Vdc and analogue outputs
21	Out1	Analogue output 1 0 - 10V
22	Out2	Analogue output 2 0 - 10V
23	Out3	Analogue output 3 0 - 10V
24	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)
25	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc, 12Vdc and analogue outputs
26	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc
27	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc
28	Pbc	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, PT1000, DI)
29	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 5V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 10V, DI, not used)
30	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open
32	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open
33	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (gnd), not open
35	LAN	LAN connection (+)
36	LAN	LAN connection (-)
60	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact
61	С	Common relays 1 and 2 (MAX 5A)
62	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact
63	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact
64	С	Common relays 3 and 4 (MAX 5A)
65	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact
66	С	Common relay 5 (please check the electrical characteristics of the relay used)
67	RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact (please check the electrical characteristics of the relay used)
68	NU	Not used
69	RL6	Relay 6 normally closed contact
70	RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact
71	С	Common relay 6 (MAX 8A)

4.7.3 Technical specifications

4.7.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter
Number of inputs:	7
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)
	PT1000 Dixell (-100T150°C; 1KΩ at 0°C)
	Digital input (potential free contact)
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 3.7KΩ)
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the
	given application)
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC, PT1000: ±1°C
	0-1V: ±20mV
	0-5V: ±100mV
	0-10V:±200mV
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA
Additional power:	+12V: 40mA max per terminal
	+5v: 100mA
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied
1	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another
Λ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in
	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.7.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free contact or power supply
Number of inputs:	3
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	Pay attention to use the right common input when the digital inputs are used as dry contacts or power supply contacts.

4.7.3.3 Analogue outputs

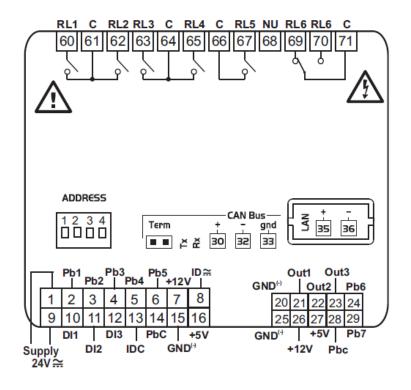
Туре:	Non opto-insulated internal power
Number of outputs:	3
Type of analogue output: (configurable via software parameter)	3 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out3)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out3)
	22Ω per live analogue output
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out3: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.7.3.4 Digital outputs

Type: Relays with NO, NC and SSR contacts				
Number of outputs:	6			
Type of output:	Relays with normally open contact:			
(configurable via software parameter)	- RL1, RL2, RL3, RL4, RL5*			
	Relays with changeover contact:			
	- RL6			
	SSR relays with normally open contact:			
	- RL5*			
	(*) the kind of the relay RL5 depend on the model of the device.			
Maximum load:	Relays with normally open contact: 5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A			
	Relays with changeover contact: 8A(250Vac) SPDT 8(3)A			
	SSR relays with normally open contact 1A(12 - 250Vac):			
	- only in AC load			
	- minimum current is 50mA (equivalent to 12W - 250Vac)			
	- internal impedance $300K\Omega$ (current 0.2mA at 250Vac with an open			
	contact)			

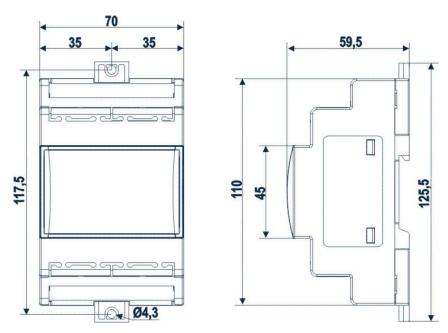
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between
	the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit.
	The common relays of the outputs are separate and split into groups.

4.7.3.5 Wiring diagrams



4.7.3.6 Mechanical specifications

4 DIN module



4.7.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz 20 - 36Vdc		
Consumption: 10VA (Vac), 10W (Vdc)			
Connectors:	Molex connectors with low voltage wiring (for IPX306D) Phoenix guick coupling connectors for low voltage (for IPX206D)		
	STELVIO 90° screw connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)		

4.7.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880)
	Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black

4.7.3.9 Setting the address of the device

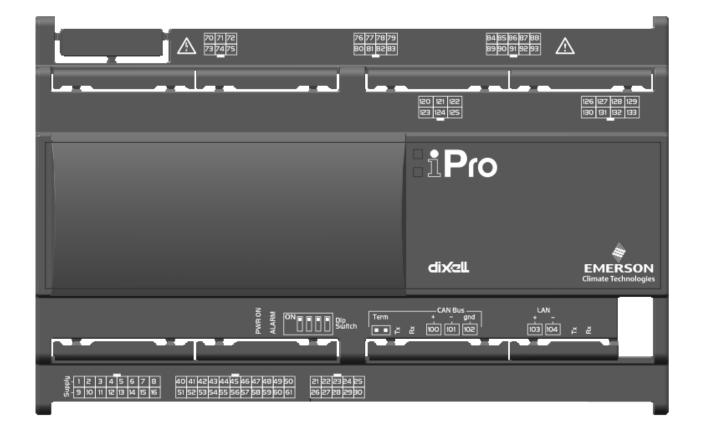
The address of the device is set via a dip-switch and numbering is binary as shown in the table below:

ON			
1	ີ ງ	ົງ	Λ
	<u> </u>	<u>ວ</u>	4

		1	2	3	4		
Adr.	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	$\langle _$	Not used
Adr.	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF		
Adr.	5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
Adr.	6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF		
Adr.	7	ON	ON	ON	OFF		
Adr.	8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON		
Adr.	11	ON	ON	OFF	ON		
Adr.	12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON		
Adr.	13	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
Adr.	14	OFF	ON	ON	ON		
Adr.	15	ON	ON	ON	ON		

If the address is changed while the device is switched on, to confirm the new address remember to switch off and switch on again the device.

4.8 IPX115D – IPX125D



4.8.1 Description of the connections

Connector	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 2 1 1 12 13 14 15 16 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 15 16	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb10, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
21 22 23 24 25	Opto-insulated analogue outputs (Out1 - Out6, GND)
26 27 28 29 30	24Vac/dc power supply for the opto-insulated analogue output
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	Potential free opto-insulated digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, DIC)
51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	Opto-insulated 24Vac/dc digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, GND)
_ NAJ _	LAN serial port connector
54 34 601	Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active
CAN Bus	CANBUS Connector
Term + - gnd	Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active
■ ■ ☆ & 100 101 102	Line terminal (Term)
	Dip-switch to set the address of the device.
70 71 72	Digital relay outputs
73 74 75	3 NO relays + 1 changeover relay, 1 common
76 77 78 79	Digital relay outputs
80 81 82 83	6 NO relays, 2 common
84 85 86 87 88	Digital relay outputs
89 90 91 92 93	3 NO relays + 2 changeover relays, 3 common

120 21 22	Digital outputs with SSR relays (IPX125D)
123 24 25	4 NO relays, 2 common
126 127 128 129	Digital relay outputs (IPX125D)
130 131 132 133	6 NO relays, 2 common
PWR ON	Green power LEDs (PWR ON) and red alarm signal LED (ALARM)
ALARM	See relative paragraph

4.8.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description				
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
7	PbC	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, PT1000, DI)				
8	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)				
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
10	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
11	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
12	Pb8	Configurable analogue input 8 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
13	Pb9	Configurable analogue input 9 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
14	Pb10	Configurable analogue input 10 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
15	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc				
16	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc				
21	Out1	Opto-insulated analogue output 1 0 - 10V				
22	Out2	Opto-insulated analogue output 2 0 - 10V				
23	Out3	Opto-insulated analogue output 3 0 - 10V				
24	Out4	Opto-insulated analogue output 4 0 - 10V				
25	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output				
26	Out5	Analogue output 5 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay				
27	Out6	Analogue output 6 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay				
28	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(-)				
29	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(+)				
30	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output				
40	DI1	Opto-insulated digital input 1				
41	DI2	Opto-insulated digital input 2				
42	DI3	Opto-insulated digital input 3				
43	DI4	Opto-insulated digital input 4				
44	DI5	Opto-insulated digital input 5				
45	DI6	Opto-insulated digital input 6				
46	DI7	Opto-insulated digital input 7				
47	DI8	Opto-insulated digital input 8				

48	DI9	Opto-insulated digital input 9			
49	DI10	Opto-insulated digital input 0			
50	GND(-)	Reference "-" for opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if inputs 24Vac or 24Vdc)			
51	DI11	Opto-insulated digital input 11			
52	DI12	Opto-insulated digital input 12			
53	DI13	Opto-insulated digital input 13			
54	DI14	Opto-insulated digital input 14			
55	DI15	Opto-insulated digital input 15			
56	DI16	Opto-insulated digital input 15 Opto-insulated digital input 16			
57	DI17	Opto-insulated digital input 17			
58	DI18	Opto-insulated digital input 18			
59	DI19	Opto-insulated digital input 19			
60	DI20	Opto-insulated digital input 20			
61	IDC	Common opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if potential free inputs)			
70	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact			
71	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact			
72	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact			
73	С	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4 (MAX 6A)			
74	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact			
75	RL3	Relay 3 normally closed contact			
76	С	Common relays 5, 8 and 9 (MAX 6A)			
77	RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact			
78	RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact			
79	RL7	Relay 7 normally open contact			
80	RL8	Relay 8 normally open contact			
81	RL9	Relay 9 normally open contact			
82	RL10	Relay 10 normally open contact			
83	С	Common relays 6, 7 and 10 (MAX 6A)			
84	RL11	Relay 11 normally open contact			
85	RL12	Relay 12 normally open contact			
86	RL13	Relay 13 normally open contact			
87	С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15 (MAX 6A)			
88	С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15 (MAX 6A)			
89	RL11	Relay 11 normally closed contact			
90	С	Common relays 11 and 14 (MAX 6A)			
91	RL14	Relay 14 normally open contact			
92	RL14	Relay 14 normally closed contact			
93	RL15	Relay 15 normally open contact			
100	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open			
101	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open			
102	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (insulated gnd), not open			
103	LAN	LAN Connection (+)			
104	LAN	LAN Connection (-)			
120	RL16	SSR relay 16 normally open contact			
121	С	Common relays 16, 17, 18 and 19			
122	RL18	SSR relay 18 normally open contact			
123	RL17	SSR relay 17 normally open contact			
124	С	Common relays 16, 17, 18 and 19			
125	RL19	SSR relay 19 normally open contact			
126	RL20	Relay 20 normally open contact			

127	RL21	Relay 21 normally open contact			
128	С	Common relays 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 (MAX 6A)			
129	RL22	Relay 22 normally open contact			
130	RL23	Relay 23 normally open contact			
131	RL24	Relay 24 normally open contact			
132	С	Common relays 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 (MAX 6A)			
133	RL25	Relay 25 normally open contact			

4.8.3 Technical specifications

4.8.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter		
Number of inputs:	10		
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)		
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)		
	PT1000 Dixell (-100T150°C; 1KΩ at 0°C)		
	Digital input (potential free contact)		
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 15KΩ)		
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)		
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the		
	given application)		
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC, PT1000: ±1°C		
-	0-1V: ±20mV		
	0-5V: ±100mV		
	0-10V:±200mV		
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA		
Additional power:	+12V: 200mA max		
-	+5v: 100mA		
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied		
2	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another		
Λ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in		
	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.		

4.8.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free or live contact (24Vac/dc) External power 24Vac/dc ±20%		
Number of inputs:	20		
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)		
Notes:	If the digital inputs are used with voltage, use another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.		

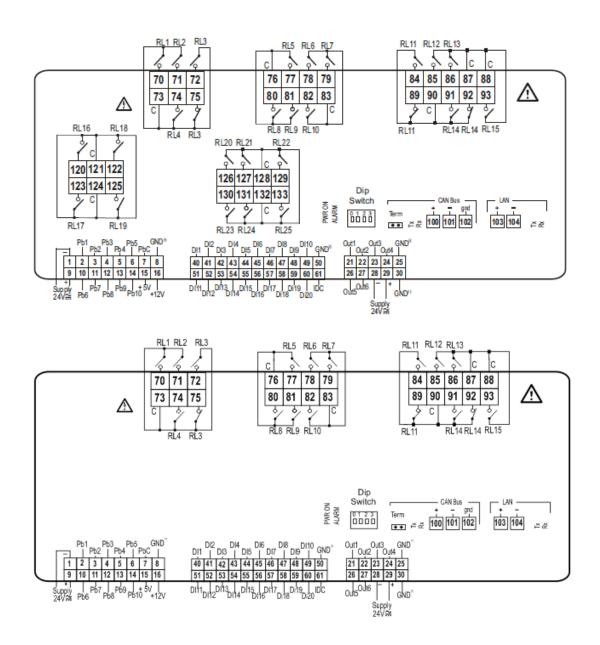
4.8.3.3 Analogue outputs

Туре:	Opto-insulated with separate 24Vac/dc power supply				
umber of outputs: 6					
Type of analogue output:	4 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out4)				
(configurable via software parameter)	2 configurable outputs 0-10Vdc, 4-20mA (Out5 and Out6)				
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out4)				
	20mA (Out5 and Out6) max with configured outputs 0-10Vdc				
	400Ω max with configured outputs 4-20mA				
	22Ω per live analogue output				
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out4: ±2% full scale				
	Out5 – Out6: ±2% full scale				
Resolution:	8bit				
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be				
•	powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same				
	secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from				
	malfunctioning or being damaged.				

4.8.3.4 Digital outputs

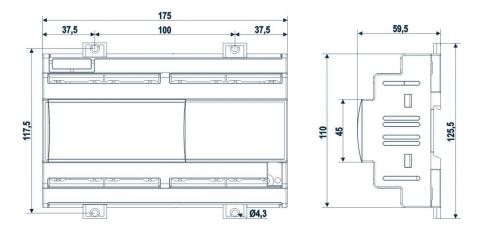
Туре:	Relays with NO, NC and SSR contacts
Number of outputs:	25
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact: - RL1, RL2, RL4, RL5, RL6, RL7, RL8, RL9, RL10, RL12, RL13, RL15, RL20, RL21, RL22, RL23, RL24, RL25 Relays with changeover contact: - RL3, RL11, RL14 SSR relays: - RL16, RL17, RL18, RL19
Maximum load:	Relays with normally open contact: 5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A Relays with changeover contact: 8A(250Vac) SPDT 8(3)A SSR relays with normally open contact 1A(12 - 250Vac): - only in AC load - minimum current is 50mA (equivalent to 12W - 250Vac) - internal impedance 300KΩ (current 0.2mA at 250Vac with an open contact)
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.

4.8.3.5 Wiring diagrams



4.8.3.6 Mechanical specifications

10 DIN module



4.8.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz 20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	20VA (Vac), 15W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Molex connectors with low voltage wiring SELECOM/CIVILUX connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)

4.8.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880)
	Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black

4.8.3.9 Setting the address of the device

The address of the device is set via a dip-switch and numbering is binary as shown in the table below:



		1	2	3	4		
Adr.	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	\leq	Not used
Adr.	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF		
Adr.	5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
Adr.	6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF		
Adr.	7	ON	ON	ON	OFF		
Adr.	8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON		
Adr.	11	ON	ON	OFF	ON		
Adr.	12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON		
Adr.	13	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
Adr.	14	OFF	ON	ON	ON		
Adr.	15	ON	ON	ON	ON]	

If the address is changed while the device is switched on, to confirm the new address remember to switch off and switch on again the device.

4.9 IPX215D – IPX225D

	R 81 64 65 66 6	7 88 89 90 91 92 93
	IPEX70D	
	dixell	EMERSON Climate Technologies
	CAN Bus grd t ž 100 101 102	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 21 22 22 24 25 3 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 21 22 22 24 25 3 45 55 55 58 56 57 58 59 66 61 26 27 28 29 30 3 3 45 46 45 46 45 46 45 46 45 46		

4.9.1 Description of the connections

Connector	Description
n c 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 c 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 c 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb10, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Opto-insulated analogue outputs (Out1 - Out6, GND) 24Vac/dc power supply for the opto-insulated analogue output
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	Potential free opto-insulated digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, DIC) Opto-insulated 24Vac/dc digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, GND)
_ NU BOILED	LAN serial port connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active
	CANBUS Connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
	Dip-switch to set the address of the device.
70 71 72 73 74 75	Digital relay outputs 3 NO relays, 1 common and 2 potential free (Neutral)
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	Digital relay outputs 5 NO relays, 1 common and 2 potential free (Neutral)
84 85 86	Digital relay outputs 2 NO relays, 1 common
87 88 89 90 91 92 93	Digital relay outputs 5 NO relays, 1 common and 1 potential free (Neutral) The position 93 is not connected
109 110 111 112 113 114	Digital outputs with SSR relays 4 NO relays, 1 common The position 109 is not connected

115 116 117 118 119	Digital relay outputs 4 NO relays, 1 common
120 [23] [23]	Digital relay outputs 2 NO relays, 1 common
PWR ON ALARM	Green power LEDs (PWR ON) and red alarm signal LED (ALARM) See relative paragraph

4.9.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description				
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
7	PbC	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, PT1000, DI)				
8	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)				
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
10	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
11	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
12	Pb8	Configurable analogue input 8 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
13	Pb9	Configurable analogue input 9 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
14	Pb10	Configurable analogue input 10 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
15	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc				
16	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc				
21	Out1	Opto-insulated analogue output 1 0 - 10V				
22	Out2	Opto-insulated analogue output 2 0 - 10V				
23	Out3	Opto-insulated analogue output 3 0 - 10V				
24	Out4	Opto-insulated analogue output 4 0 - 10V				
25	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output				
26	Out5	Analogue output 5 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay				
27	Out6	Analogue output 6 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay				
28	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(-)				
29	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(+)				
30	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output				
40	DI1	Opto-insulated digital input 1				
41	DI2	Opto-insulated digital input 2				
42	DI3	Opto-insulated digital input 3				
43	DI4	Opto-insulated digital input 4				
44	DI5	Opto-insulated digital input 5				
45	DI6	Opto-insulated digital input 6				
46	DI7	Opto-insulated digital input 7				
47	DI8	Opto-insulated digital input 8				
48	DI9	Opto-insulated digital input 9				

49	DI10	Opto-insulated digital input 10
50	GND(-)	Reference "-" for opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if inputs 24Vac or 24Vdc)
51	DI11	Opto-insulated digital input 11
52	DI12	Opto-insulated digital input 12
53	DI13	Opto-insulated digital input 13
54	DI14	Opto-insulated digital input 14
55	DI15	Opto-insulated digital input 15
56	DI16	Opto-insulated digital input 16
57	DI17	Opto-insulated digital input 17
58	DI18	Opto-insulated digital input 18
59	DI19	Opto-insulated digital input 19
60	DI20	Opto-insulated digital input 20
61	IDC	Common opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if potential free inputs)
70	RL1	Relay 1 normally open contact
71	Р	Common relays 1, 2 and 3 (MAX 6A)
72	RL2	Relay 2 normally open contact
73	RL3	Relay 3 normally open contact
74	Ν	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
75	Ν	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
76	RL4	Relay 4 normally open contact
77	RL5	Relay 5 normally closed contact
78	RL6	Relay 6 normally closed contact
79	RL7	Relay 7 normally closed contact
80	Р	Common relays 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 (MAX 6A)
81	RL8	Relay 8 normally closed contact
82	Ν	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
83	Ν	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
84	RL9	Relay 9 normally closed contact
85	RL10	Relay 10 normally closed contact
86	Р	Common relays 9 and 10 (MAX 6A)
87	RL11	Relay 11 normally closed contact
88	RL12	Relay 12 normally closed contact
89	RL13	Relay 13 normally closed contact
90	Р	Common relays 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 (MAX 6A)
91	RL14	Relay 14 normally closed contact
92	RL15	Relay 15 normally closed contact
93	С	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
100	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open
101	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open
102	CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (insulated gnd), not open
103	LAN	LAN Connection (+)
104	LAN	LAN Connection (-)
109	С	Potential free contact (MAX 6A)
110	Р	Common relays 20, 21, 22 and 23 (MAX 6A)
111	RL20	Relay 20 normally open contact
112	RL21	Relay 21 normally open contact
113	RL22	Relay 22 normally open contact
114	RL23	Relay 23 normally open contact
115	RL16	SSR relay 16 normally open contact
116		
116	RL17	SSR relay 17 normally open contact

117	RL18	SSR relay 18 normally open contact
118	RL19	SSR relay 19 normally open contact
119	Р	Common SSR relays 16, 17, 18 and 19
120	RL24	Relay 24 normally open contact
121	Р	Common relays 24 and 25 (MAX 6A)
122	RL25	Relay 25 normally open contact

4.9.3 Technical specifications

4.9.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter							
Number of inputs:	10							
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)							
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)							
	PT1000 Dixell (-100T150°C; 1KΩ at 0°C)							
	Digital input (potential free contact)							
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 15KΩ)							
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)							
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the							
	given application)							
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC, PT1000: ±1°C							
	0-1V: ±20mV							
	0-5V: ±100mV							
	0-10V:±200mV							
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA							
Additional power:	+12V: 200mA max							
	+5v: 100mA							
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied							
ž	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another							
Λ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in							
	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.							

4.9.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free or live contact (24Vac/dc) External power 24Vac/dc ±20%
Number of inputs:	20
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	If the digital inputs are used with voltage, use another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

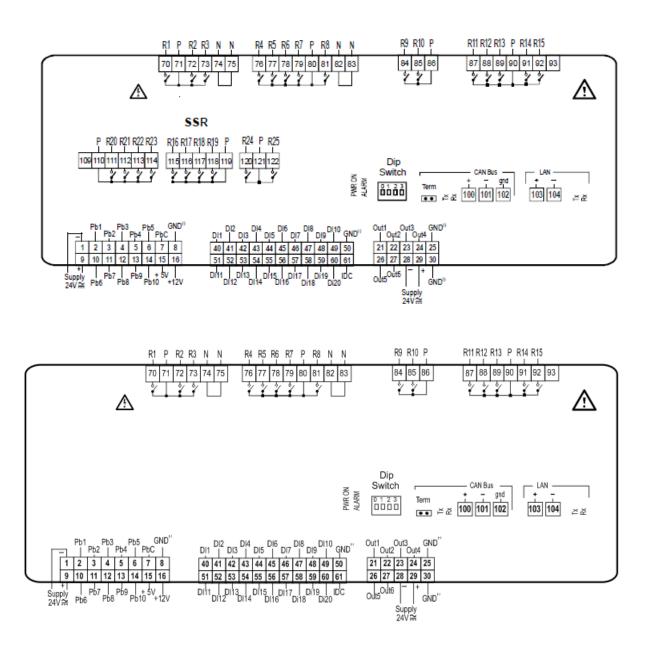
4.9.3.3 Analogue outputs

Туре:	Opto-insulated with separate 24Vac/dc power supply
Number of outputs:	6
Type of analogue output:	4 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out4)
(configurable via software parameter)	2 configurable outputs 0-10Vdc, 4-20mA (Out5 and Out6)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out4)
	20mA (Out5 and Out6) max with configured outputs 0-10Vdc
	400Ω max with configured outputs 4-20mA
	22Ω per live analogue output
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out4: ±2% full scale
-	Out5 – Out6: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be
•	powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same
	secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from
	malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.9.3.4 Digital outputs

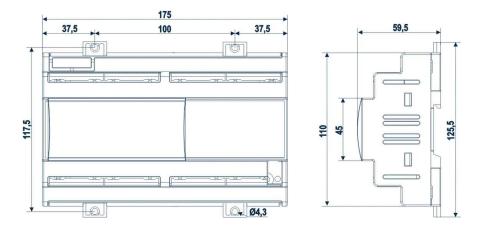
Туре:	Relays with NO, NC and SSR contacts				
Number of outputs:	25				
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact: - RL1, RL2, RL3, RL4, RL5, RL6, RL7, RL8, RL9, RL10, RL11, RL12, RL13, RL14, RL15, RL20, RL21, RL22, RL23, RL24, RL25 SSR relays: - RL16, RL17, RL18, RL19				
Maximum load:	Relays with normally open contact: 5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A SSR relays with normally open contact 1A(12 - 250Vac): - only in AC load - minimum current is 50mA (equivalent to 12W - 250Vac) - internal impedance 300KΩ (current 0.2mA at 250Vac with an open contact)				
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.				

4.9.3.5 Wiring diagrams



4.9.3.6 Mechanical specifications

10 DIN module



4.9.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz 20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	20VA (Vac), 15W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Phoenix quick coupling connectors for low voltage STELVIO 90° screw connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)

4.9.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880) Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	White

4.9.3.9 Setting the address of the device

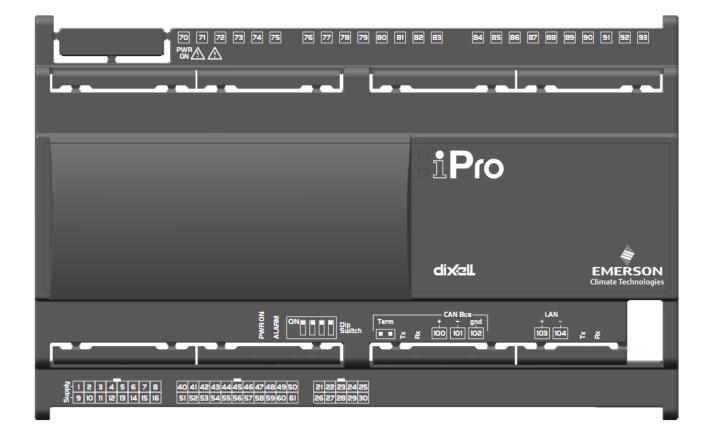
The address of the device is set via a dip-switch and numbering is binary as shown in the table below:



		1	2	3	4	
Adr.	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	$\leq \equiv$
Adr.	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	~
Adr.	2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	
Adr.	3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	
Adr.	4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	
Adr.	5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	
Adr.	6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	
Adr.	7	ON	ON	ON	OFF	
Adr.	8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	
Adr.	9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	
Adr.	10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	
Adr.	11	ON	ON	OFF	ON	
Adr.	12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	
Adr.	13	ON	OFF	ON	ON	
Adr.	14	OFF	ON	ON	ON	
Adr.	15	ON	ON	ON	ON	

If the address is changed while the device is switched on, to confirm the new address remember to switch off and switch on again the device.

4.10 IPX315D



4.10.1 Description of the connections

Connector	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1	Connector for 24Vac/dc power supply Analogue inputs (Pb1 - Pb10, PbC) Additional power (+5Vdc, +12Vdc, GND)
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Opto-insulated analogue outputs (Out1 - Out6, GND) 24Vac/dc power supply for the opto-insulated analogue output
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	Potential free opto-insulated digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, DIC) Opto-insulated 24Vac/dc digital inputs (DI1 - DI20, GND)
_ ^AU_ 54 34 601	LAN serial port connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active
Term CAN Bus Term - gnd ■ ∠ 2 100 102	CANBUS Connector Rx and Tx LED to indicate that communication is active Line terminal (Term)
	Dip-switch to set the address of the device.
	Digital relay outputs 4 NO relays, 2 common
	Digital relay outputs 3 NO relays, 1 common + 3 NO relays, 1 common
	Digital relay outputs 3 NO relays, 2 common + 2 NO relays, 3 common

4.10.2 Description of the inputs and outputs

Input No.	Type of Input	Description				
1	Supply	Reference "-"/GND power (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
2	Pb1	Configurable analogue input 1 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
3	Pb2	Configurable analogue input 2 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
4	Pb3	Configurable analogue input 3 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
5	Pb4	Configurable analogue input 4 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
6	Pb5	Configurable analogue input 5 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
7	PbC	Common analogue inputs (NTC, PTC, PT1000, DI)				
8	GND(-)	Additional power reference 5Vdc and 12Vdc and analogue inputs (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V)				
9	Supply	Reference "+" power supply (24Vac or 24Vdc)				
10	Pb6	Configurable analogue input 6 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
11	Pb7	Configurable analogue input 7 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
12	Pb8	Configurable analogue input 8 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
13	Pb9	Configurable analogue input 9 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, DI)				
14	Pb10	Configurable analogue input 10 (NTC, PTC, PT1000, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V, 0 5V, DI)				
15	+5V	Additional power +5Vdc				
16	+12V	Additional power +12Vdc				
21	Out1	Opto-insulated analogue output 1 0 - 10V				
22	Out2	Opto-insulated analogue output 2 0 - 10V				
23	Out3	Opto-insulated analogue output 3 0 - 10V				
24	Out4	Opto-insulated analogue output 4 0 - 10V				
25	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output				
26	Out5	Analogue output 5 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay				
27	Out6	Analogue output 6 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA, Opto-insulated relay				
28	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(-)				
29	Supply	Power for opto-insulated analogue outputs at 24Vac or 24Vdc(+)				
30	GND(-)	Common opto-insulated analogue output				
40	DI1	Opto-insulated digital input 1				
41	DI2	Opto-insulated digital input 2				
42	DI3	Opto-insulated digital input 3				
43	DI4	Opto-insulated digital input 4				
44	DI5	Opto-insulated digital input 5				
45	DI6	Opto-insulated digital input 6				
46	DI7	Opto-insulated digital input 7				
47	DI8	Opto-insulated digital input 8				
48	DI9	Opto-insulated digital input 9				
49	DI10	Opto-insulated digital input 10				
50	GND(-)	Reference "-" for opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if inputs 24Vac or 24Vdc)				
50	DI11	Opto-insulated digital input 11				
52	DI12	Opto-insulated digital input 12				
53	DI12	Opto-insulated digital input 12				
54	D113	Opto-insulated digital input 13				
55	DI14 DI15	Opto-insulated digital input 14				
55	DI15 DI16	Opto-insulated digital input 15 Opto-insulated digital input 16				

DI17	Opto-insulated digital input 17
	Opto-insulated digital input 18
	Opto-insulated digital input 19
	Opto-insulated digital input 20
	Common opto-insulated digital inputs 1 to 20 (if potential free inputs)
	Relay 1 normally open contact
	Relay 2 normally open contact
	Relay 3 normally open contact
_	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4
	Relay 4 normally open contact
С	Common relays 1, 2, 3 and 4
С	Common relays 5, 8 and 9
RL5	Relay 5 normally open contact
RL6	Relay 6 normally open contact
RL7	Relay 7 normally open contact
RL8	Relay 8 normally open contact
RL9	Relay 9 normally open contact
RL10	Relay 10 normally open contact
С	Common relays 6, 7 and 10
RL11	Relay 11 normally open contact
RL12	Relay 12 normally open contact
RL13	Relay 13 normally open contact
С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15
С	Common relays 12, 13 and 15
С	Common relays 11 and 14
С	Common relays 11 and 14
RL14	Relay 14 normally open contact
С	Common relays 11 and 14
RL15	Relay 15 normally open contact
CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (+), not open
CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (-), not open
CAN Bus	CAN Bus connection (insulated gnd), not open
LAN	LAN Connection (+)
LAN	LAN Connection (-)
	C RL5 RL6 RL7 RL8 RL9 RL10 C RL11 RL12 RL12 RL13 C C C C C C C C RL14 C RL14 C C RL14 C RL15 CAN Bus CAN Bus CAN Bus

4.10.3 Technical specifications

4.10.3.1 Analogue inputs

Analogue conversion type:	10-bit A/D converter
Number of inputs:	10
Type of analogue input:	NTC Dixell (-50T110°C; 10KΩ±1% at 25°C)
(configurable via software parameter)	PTC Dixell(-55T115°C; 990Ω±1% at 25°C)
	PT1000 Dixell (-100T150°C; 1KΩ at 0°C)
	Digital input (potential free contact)
	Voltage: 0 - V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V (input resistance 15KΩ)
	Current: 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA (input resistance 100Ω)
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the
	given application)
Accuracy:	NTC, PTC, PT1000: ±1°C
	0-1V: ±20mV
	0-5V: ±100mV
	0-10V:±200mV
	2-20mA, 4-20mA: ±0.30mA
Additional power:	+12V: 200mA max
	+5v: 100mA
Notes:	Any inputs that are powered with a voltage that differs from that supplied
ī.	by the device (+12V or +5V) must be powered separately with another
Λ	transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in
	order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.10.3.2 Digital inputs

Type: (configurable via software parameter)	Opto-insulated potential free or live contact (24Vac/dc) External power 24Vac/dc ±20%
Number of inputs:	20
Digital input status variation detection time:	100ms (in any case it depends on the cycle time set by the user in the given application)
Notes:	If the digital inputs are used with voltage, use another transformer (do not use the same secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the inputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

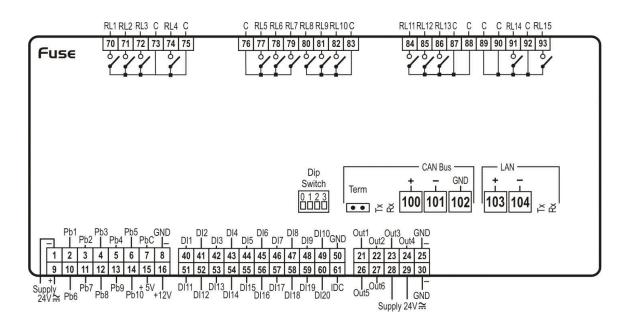
4.10.3.3 Analogue outputs

Туре:	Opto-insulated with separate 24Vac/dc power supply
Number of outputs:	6
Type of analogue output:	4 fixed outputs 0-10Vdc (Out1 - Out4)
(configurable via software parameter)	2 configurable outputs 0-10Vdc, 4-20mA (Out5 and Out6)
Maximum load:	40mA (Out1 - Out4)
	20mA (Out5 and Out6) max with configured outputs 0-10Vdc
	400Ω max with configured outputs 4-20mA
	22Ω per live analogue output
Accuracy:	Out1 - Out4: ±2% full scale
	Out5 – Out6: ±2% full scale
Resolution:	8bit
Notes:	The electrical devices controlled by these analogue outputs must be
Δ	powered separately with another transformer (do not use the same
	secondary of the controller's power) in order to prevent the outputs from malfunctioning or being damaged.

4.10.3.4 Digital outputs

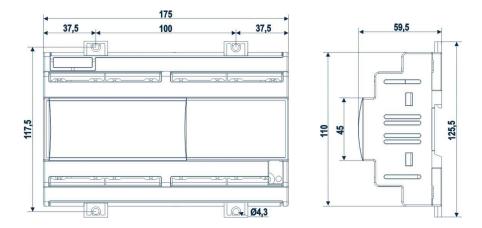
Туре:	Relays with NO, NC and SSR contacts
Number of outputs:	25
Type of output: (configurable via software parameter)	Relays with normally open contact: - RL1, RL2, RL4, RL5, RL6, RL7, RL8, RL9, RL10, RL12, RL13, RL15, RL20, RL21, RL22, RL23, RL24, RL25 Relays with changeover contact: - RL3, RL11, RL14 SSR relays: - RL16, RL17, RL18, RL19
Maximum load:	Relays with normally open contact: 5A(250Vac) SPST 5(2)A Relays with changeover contact: 8A(250Vac) SPDT 8(3)A SSR relays with normally open contact 1A(12 - 250Vac): - only in AC load - minimum current is 50mA (equivalent to 12W - 250Vac) - internal impedance 300KΩ (current 0.2mA at 250Vac with an open contact)
Notes:	Verify the capacity of the output used. There is double insulation between the digital outputs and the low voltage of the rest of the circuit. Do not use different voltages for the various groups of relays nor within each group.

4.10.3.5 Wiring diagrams



4.10.3.6 Mechanical specifications

10 DIN module



4.10.3.7 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz 20 - 36Vdc
Consumption:	20VA (Vac), 15W (Vdc)
Connectors:	Molex connectors with low voltage wiring
	SELECOM/CIVILUX connectors for digital outputs (250Vac, 6A max)

4.10.3.8 Plastic container

Mount:	On a DIN rail (EN 50022, DIN 43880)
	Fastened with screws via the removable plastic flaps.
Material:	PC-ABS Thermoplastic
Self-extinguishing:	V0 (UL94)
Comparative Tracking Index (CTI):	300V
Colour:	Black

4.10.3.9 Setting the address of the device

The address of the device is set via a dip-switch and numbering is binary as shown in the table below:



		1	2	3	4		
Adr.	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	K	Not used
Adr.	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
Adr.	4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF		
Adr.	5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
Adr.	6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF		
Adr.	7	ON	ON	ON	OFF		
Adr.	8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON		
Adr.	10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON		
Adr.	11	ON	ON	OFF	ON		
Adr.	12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON]	
Adr.	13	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
Adr.	14	OFF	ON	ON	ON		
Adr.	15	ON	ON	ON	ON]	

If the address is changed while the device is switched on, to confirm the new address remember to switch off and switch on again the device.

5. INTERFACE

5.1 VISOGRAPH

The iPRO programmable controllers (10 DIN and 4 DIN) allow a programmable remote LCD display (VISOGRAPH) to be connected. Through the VISOPROG processing environment, the display and buttons can be programmed as the user wishes. Text, icons and animated icons can be added to the LCD display. Functions can be associated to keys according to the operations to be implemented. The displays differ according to the model:

VGIPG for IPG100 versions
 VGIPC for IPC100 versions

5.1.1 Specifications

- LCD graphic display (FSTN)
- Graphic resolution 240x96 Dots
- > 32-bit microprocessor
- White backlight
- > ASCII or UNICODE characters used (depending on the model)
- > 8 fully programmable keys
- Programmable display and keys via VISOPROG software
- > Application resident in the microprocessor of the keyboard
- Up to 5 different languages for each application
- Panel or wall mounted (depending on the model)
- > Dedicated power supply and communication via a 3-way cable from the programmable controller

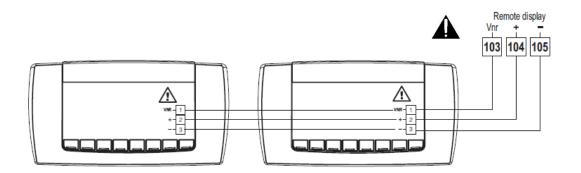


5.1.2 Connections

The connection between the controller and the VISOGRAPH must be implemented using a BELDEN 8772 cable (3xAWG20).

Up to 2 remote displays can be connected for each controller of the IPG, IPC and IPD ranges. 1 remote display can be connected for the controllers of the 4 DIN range.

The distance between the controller and the last display must be no more than 100 meters.



Be careful to comply with the polarity of the connections as any errors in the connection can damage the device.

5.1.3 Options menu

To enter the set up menu, keep the two extreme keys (T1 + T8) of the keyboard pressed until the window requesting the password appears.

- Press the UP key and set 1.
- Press the SET key to confirm.

The first 4 options (from 1 to 4) allow the user to UPLOAD/DOWNLOAD the Application and the Bios to the Dixell VISOKEY.

Before implementing these operations, it is recommended to contact Dixell so as to prevent the device from being damaged.

Option 5, PROGRAM INFO, displays the information of the application resident in the Visograph.

Option 6, SETTINGS, allows the user to set certain configurations:

- > ADR VISOGRAPH: if two Visograph's are used with one iPRO, set two different addresses.
- > CONTRAST: to adjust the contrast of the display.
- > BACKLIGHT: the display backlight time is set (form 1 to 200 seconds, or always on)
- READ EXT: this must always be set to NEVER
- LANGUAGE: if different languages have been defined in the project, any one can be selected via this option.
- > BAUD RATE: this must always be set to 38400
- > EXIT: to exit the menu

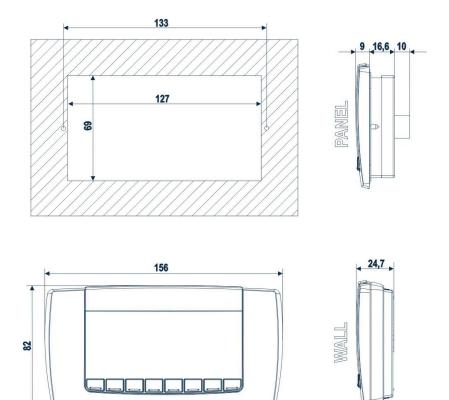
To exit the menu permanently, press the EXIT key.

Inside the set up menu, to force the download of the application inside the Visograph please follow the the procedure:

- Keep pushed the buttons T1 and T6
- In the display you will see the sentence: "DOWNLOAD THE APPLICATION"
- Now download the application from Visoprog

Note: This procedure it is possible only if the version of the BIOS of the Visograph is the version 1.6 (23/02/2011), 8.1 (04/03/2011) or superior.

5.1.4 Dimensions



6. MEANING OF THE LEDS AND JUMPERS IN THE VARIOUS DEVICES

6.1 PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS

-

LEDs are present in the programmable controllers in order to indicate the status of the device.

	PWR ON	PWR ON (green): - if on, the device is powered
	LED1 ALARM	LED1 (yellow): - if on, the system is being updated. - if it flashes, the update has been completed. ALARM (red): - if on, the system is malfunctioning. LED1 (yellow) + ALARM (red): - if both flash, the device is functioning correctly.
	TX RX	TX (yellow): - if it flashes, the device is transferring data. RX (yellow): - if it flashes, the device is receiving data.
Idiku B B	JMP1	JMP1: - if the JMP1 jumper is short-circuited, the system creates a virtual IP in order to have access to the internal website. The default IP address is 192.168.0.250 (the IP address set in the iPRO always remains the same). Remove the Jumper, switch the iPRO off and on again to restore the system back to the previous conditions. CAUTION: this mode can only be used if the FIRMWARE version of the iPRO is 2010011300 (or higher).

6.2 EXPANSION MODULES

LEDs are present in the expansion modules in order to indicate the status of the device.

ALARM ALARM	PWR ON ALARM	PWR ON: - If on, the device is powered ALARM: - if on, the system is malfunctioning. Therefore, verify the CANBus or LAN connection or the configuration/connection of the analogue inputs.			
Tx Rx	TX RX	TX: - if it flashes, the device is transferring data. RX: - if it flashes, the device is receiving data.			

7. INSTALLATION

The devices must not be installed in environments where the following situations are present:

- Temperature and humidity outside the range stipulated in the data plate. Frequent and sudden changes in temperature and/or humidity
- Direct sunlight and weathering in general
- High mechanical stress (vibrations and/or knocks)
- Sulphur and ammonia gas, smoke and salt spray that can cause corrosion and/or oxidation
- Presence of flammable or explosive gas
- Dust
- > Devices that generate magnetic interference

Position the device inside the electrical panels, paying attention to the following:

- > the distance between the device and the electrical power components
- the distance between the device and the power cables
- > sufficient passage for the cooling air

Always comply with the laws and regulations applicable in the country where the device is installed. Always protect the device for it to always be accessible solely by authorised personnel. In case of malfunctions, always contact the relative distributor for the device to be repaired.

7.1 GENERAL RULES

Comply with the following recommendations during the installation process in order to prevent the device from malfunctioning.

- Separate the signal cables from the power cables (it is recommended to use BELDEN 8772-type shielded cables)
- Separate the cables of the analogue inputs from those of the digital inputs and the serial line cables from the power cables (resistive as well as inductive), in order to prevent malfunction due to electromagnetic interference
- > Separate the power of the device from that of the other electrical components
- Never connect the secondary of the supply transformer to the earth
- The low voltage connections must have reinforced insulation

7.2 POWER SUPPLY

The power supply voltage of the devices is as follows:

- 24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz (consumption 20VA) or 20 36Vdc (consumption 15W) for the programmable controllers 10 and expansion 10 DIN
- 24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz (consumption 30VA) or 20 36Vdc (consumption 25W) for the 4 DIN programmable controllers
- 24Vac +10/-15%, 50/60Hz (consumption 10VA) or 20 36Vdc (consumption 10W) for the 4 DIN expansion.

Be careful to always comply with the following recommendations:

- > Never use power that differs from that indicated as the devices may be damaged.
- Always use safety transformers
- Always separate the power of the controller from that of all the other electrical devices present in the system.
- > The secondary of the supply transformer of the devices must never be connected to the earth.

7.3 CONNECTION OF THE ANALOGUE INPUTS

The analogue inputs in the programmable controllers and expansions are fully configurable. NTC or PTC, 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA, 0 - 10V, 0 - 1V or 0 - 5V type of sensors can be used. The analogue inputs can also be used as digital inputs (potential free - not live).

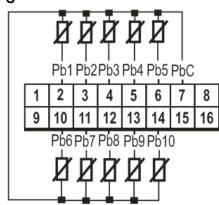
NOTE: Any devices that require 24Vac/dc power supply must be powered separately with another transformer.



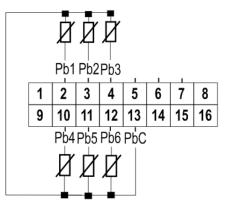
7.3.1 Temperature probes (NTC and PTC)

2-row sensors that do not require polarity to be respected. Each sensor must be connected through one of the inputs (from Pb1 to Pb10) and the common (PbC) as shown in the diagram below.

IPG-IPC



IPG-IPC 4 DIN



Recommendations:

- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

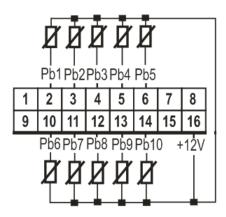
- if used as a digital input (potential free - not live), use the same connection configuration of the sensors.

7.3.2 Pressure transducers and current probes (0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA)

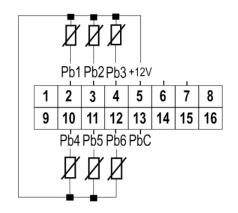
2-row sensors that require +12Vdc power supply.

Each sensor must be connected through one of the inputs (from Pb1 to Pb10) and the power supply (+12V) as shown in the diagram below.

IPG-IPC



IPG-IPC 4 DIN



Recommendations:

- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

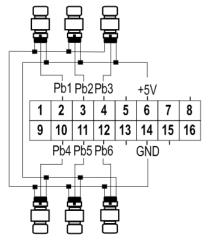
7.3.3 Pressure transducers and ratiometric pressure transducers (0 - 5V)

3-row sensors that require +5Vdc power supply.

Each sensor must be connected through one of the inputs (from Pb1 to Pb10) and the power supply (+5V/GND) as shown in the diagram below.

IPG-IPC Pb1 Pb2 Pb3 Pb4 Pb5 GND 4 5 8 2 3 6 7 9 16 10 12 13 15 11 14 Pb6 Pb7 Pb8 Pb9 Pb10+ 5V





Recommendations:

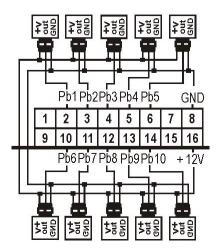
- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

7.3.4 Live probes (0 - 1V, 0 - 5V, 0 - 10V)

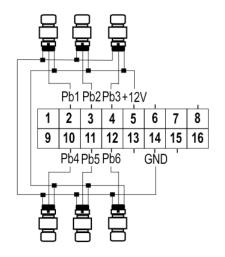
3-row sensors that require +12Vdc power supply.

Each sensor must be connected through one of the inputs (from Pb1 to Pb10) and the power supply (+12V/GND) as shown in the diagram below.

IPG-IPC



IPG-IPC 4 DIN



- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

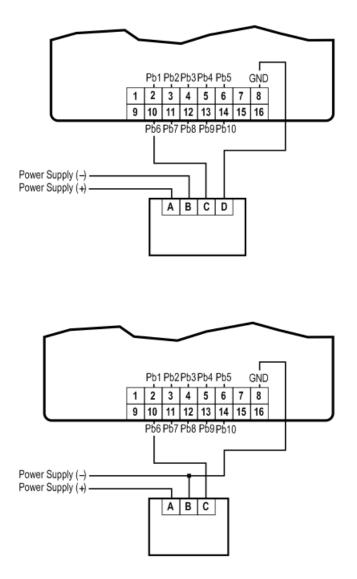
7.3.5 Probes and transducers with 24Vac/dc power supply

3 or 4-row sensors that require +24Vac/dc power supply

Each sensor must be connected through one of the inputs (from Pb1 to Pb10), whereas the power supply as shown in the diagram below.

This is an example for versions IPG-IPC.

For all the others version, verify the correct number of the pin in the connector.



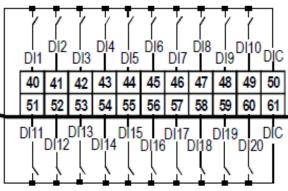
- respect the "+" and "-" polarities of the power supply.
- the power supply of the sensor must be separate from that of the programmable controller
- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

7.4 CONNECTION OF THE DIGITAL INPUTS

The digital inputs in the programmable controllers and expansions are fully configurable. Depending on the model used, the digital inputs can be used as potential free or live (24Vac/dc) digital inputs.

7.4.1 Potential-free digital inputs

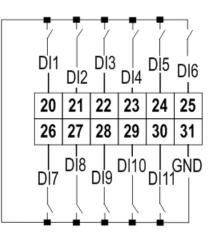
IPG100, IPC100 and IPX106D versions



IPG200, IPX125D, IPX115D, IPX215D, IPX215D VERSIONS

DI1	DI2	DI3		DIS		יוט		DI9		
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61
	 DI12 		DI14		5 DI16 		DI18		D 20	

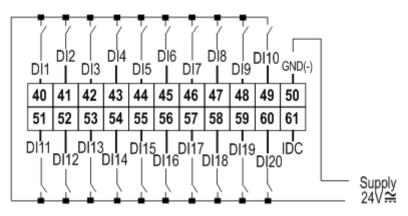
IPG108D, IPG208D VERSION (special version not standard version)



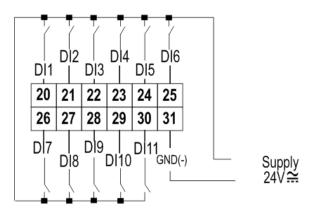
- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

7.4.2 Live digital inputs (24Vac/dc)

IPG200D, IPX115D, IPX125D, IPX215D, IPX225D VERSIONS



IPG108D, IPG208D, IPG108E, IPG208E VERSION (standard version)



Recommendations:

- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.

- the configuration is determined by the application.

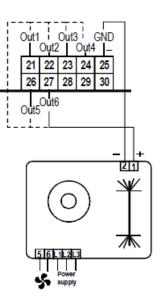
7.5 CONNECTION OF THE ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Depending on the model and configurations, it is possible to use analogue outputs such as 0 - 10Vdc, 4 - 20mA or PWM (the PWM configuration requires the Dixell XVxx module to be used for the fan speed to be controlled).

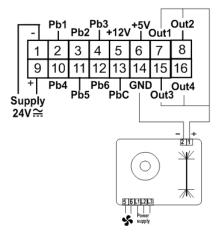
NOTE: the analogue outputs in certain models are not opto-insulated. In this case, any devices that require 24Vac/dc power supply must be powered separately with another transformer.

7.5.1 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA Analogue output for condensation control

IPG-IPC VERSION



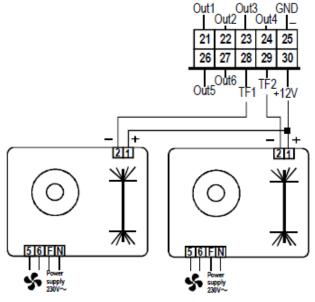
IPG108, IPG208 VERSION



- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

7.5.2 PWM analogue output for condensation control

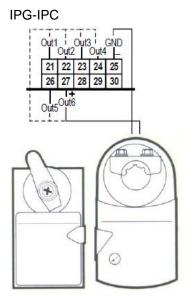
IPG100 VERSIONS (not available for IPG200 and 4 DIN)



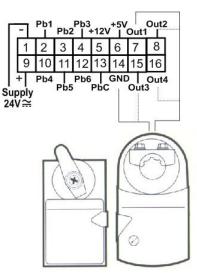
Recommendations:

- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

7.5.3 0 - 10V, 4 - 20mA Proportional analogue output for servomotors/actuators



IPG 4 DIN



- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

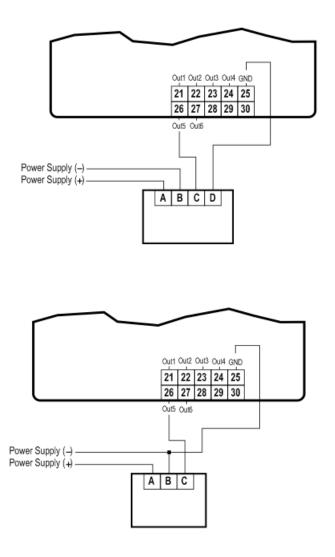
7.5.4 Devices with 24Vac/dc power supply

3 or 4-row devices that require +24Vac/dc power supply

Each device must be connected through one of the outputs (from Out1 to Out6), whereas the power supply as shown in the diagram below.

This is an example for versions IPG-IPC.

For all the others version, verify the correct number of the pin in the connector.

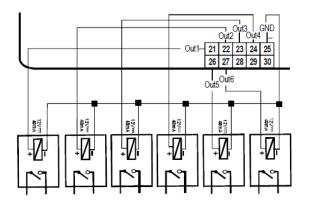


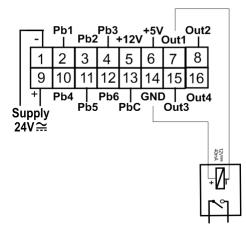
- respect the "+" and "-" polarities of the power supply.
- the power supply of the device must be separate from that of the programmable controller
- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.
- the configuration is determined by the application.

7.5.5 Analogue output for relays (coil power supply 12Vdc)

IPG-IPC

IPG 4 DIN





Recommendations:

- follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.

- the configuration is determined by the application.

7.6 CONNECTION OF THE DIGITAL OUTPUTS

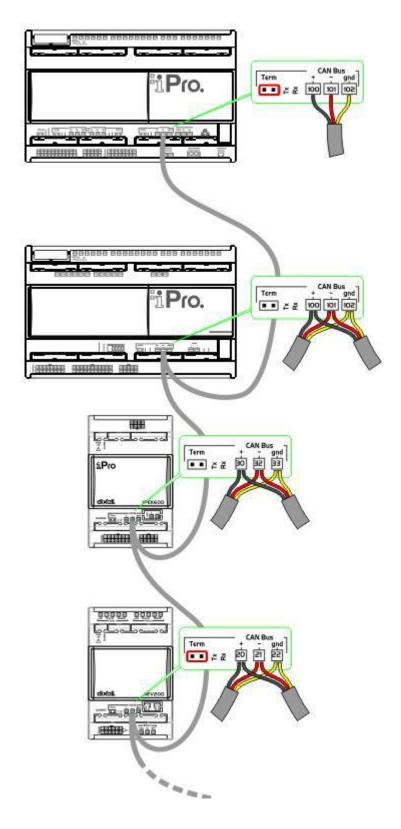
Depending on the model, the digital outputs can have different connection specifications.

The relays have been split into groups, each with a separate common.

The same voltage must always be used for the various groups of relays and within each group. For the electrical specifications, refer to the relative paragraphs of the different models.

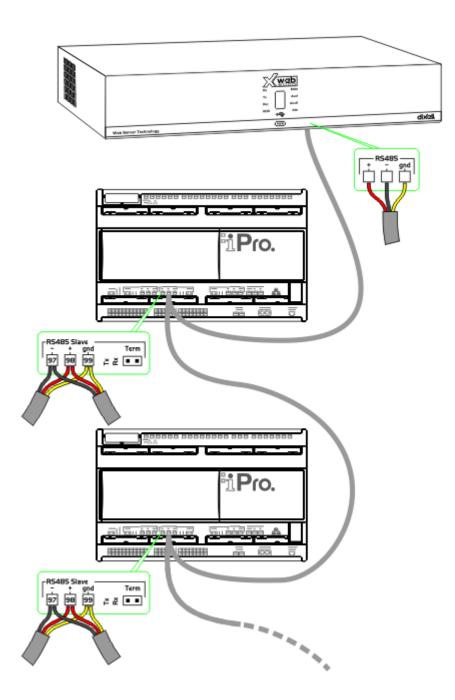
Certain models have SSR relays (solid state relay), which are suitable to control devices where numerous commutations are required, which would not be supported by an electromechanical relay. For the electrical specifications, refer to the specifications of the model using such relays.

7.7 CANBUS CONNECTION



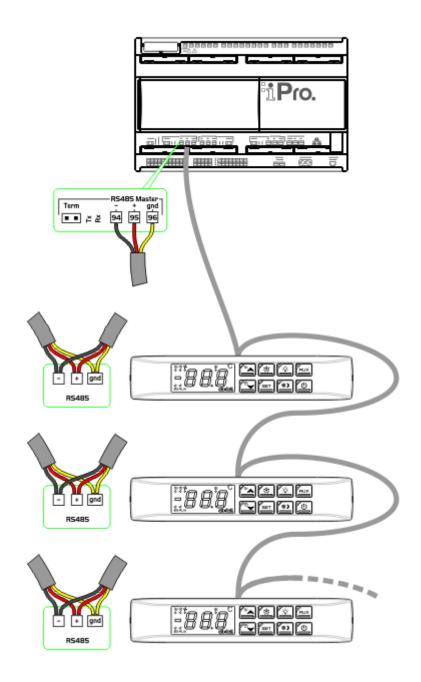
Recommendations: - follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.

7.8 RS485 SLAVE CONNECTIONS



Recommendations: - follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.

7.9 RS485 MASTER CONNECTION



Recommendations: - follow the diagram of the device used, for the numbering.

Dixell[®] **EMERSON Climate Technologies**

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